

# GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

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DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Wednesday, Feb. 17, 1904.



DID YOU MISS  
Our Ads  
LAST MONTH?

Well here we are again and you will find us WIDE AWAKE for 1904 business, and in better shape than ever to serve your interests.

Kellogg Bros. Lumber Co.

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GRAND RAPIDS.

WISCONSIN.

WOOD COUNTY NATIONAL BANK  
Capital \$50,000. Surplus \$25,000.

Commenced Business November 1st, 1891.

FRANK GARRISON, President, F. J. WOOD, Cashier.  
DIRECTORS: F. Garrison, L. M. Alexander, Thos. E. Nash, E. Roenius, F. J. Wood

Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

## New Grocery Store!

Try the New Grocery Store of H. J. Lempke & Co. on the west side in the building formerly occupied by Pavlick & Rick's Meat Market. They carry a complete line of Groceries, Flour and Feed, and handle an especially fine line of Teas and Coffees. Farmers, hitch your teams in our sheds when you come to town. We have lots of room and will be glad to accommodate you.

H. J. Lempke & Co.

Let us Send You a Jag of  
Lumber  
this day



THE BARN AND THAT NEEDS PATCHING RIGHT AWAY

We have Storm Doors, Front Doors, Back Doors and more; We have Building Material, As we have told you before. So don't fail to call on us. And on the way do not lag. We have all you can think of Except this well pictured "jag."

General Office - Phone 320  
East yard - Phone 377  
West yard - Phone 132

Grand Rapids  
Lumber Co.

### WOMAN BREAKS JAIL.

Mrs. Gildenbeck Fools the Sheriff and Gets Away.

Mrs. Elizabeth Gildenbeck, who was sentenced to the Wood County jail about a month ago for the crime of adultery for a term of three months, made her escape from that institution on Friday evening, and the officers of the law have since seen nothing of her.

Mrs. Gildenbeck was confined in the woman's department of the institution, but was let out during the day by the sheriff to assist in the housework about the dwelling. This had been going on for some time and when night came the woman would always go to her cell, after which she would be locked in.

On Friday evening, however, she did not go to her cell, but when the sheriff went around to lock up he saw that the woman's door leading to her cell was closed, so he locked it without looking to see whether she was inside or not. During the night the woman remained in the city and at four in the morning boarded the west bound freight on the Green Bay & Western and made good her escape.

It is thought that the woman received financial aid from outside the jail, and that she is now outside the state, so that it is not likely that she will be rearrested. The trick was a pretty smooth one, and shows that the woman had been figuring on making her escape for some time. As her sentence was only of three months, and one month of this had been served, it would seem as if she had taken a good many chances for the benefit she would receive.

### Water Mains Freezing.

Some little trouble has been experienced in keeping the water works mains in working order during the past two weeks on account of the frost. One main that runs out toward the west side ward school was thawed out by the use of electricity, and since then has been all right.

One of the street hydrants on French street near the Potter residence was broken by the frost last week. When unearthed the the damaged appeared to have been caused by the heaving of the ground from the frost, thus snapping the pipe where it connected with the main. Engineer Pfeiffer has kept tab pretty closely on everything since the cold weather started, and states that all the mains appear to be below the frost line wherever they have had occasion to dig them up, so that no serious trouble is anticipated from this source, even the the cold weather may continue for some time yet.

Some of our citizens seemed to think that unnecessary care was being taken in laying the mains, but there is no doubt that the benefit of this care will be reaped during cold winters like the present.

### Sons of Veterans Dance.

The Sons of Veterans held a very pleasant dance at the opera house on Monday evening, their being about fifty couples in attendance. The music was furnished by Lambert's orchestra, and was first class in every respect. The floor was also in good shape and those in attendance report a very pleasant evening.

### Pittsville Store Sold.

The Potter department store at Pittsville was sold last week to S. Baum of that city. It is reported that Mr. Potter settled most of the accounts against him before the place was sold. This will probably mean the discontinuance of the business in the city of Pittsville.

— Go to Mackey's for office supplies.

### THE OLD RELIABLE



Absolutely Pure  
THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

### LENT AT HAND.

Regulations for Catholics of the Green Bay Diocese to Observe.

The Lenten season opened today and lasts for a period of forty days. The following regulations to govern all Catholics of the Green Bay diocese have been sent out by Rt. Rev. Jos. Fox, administrator of the diocese.

All Fridays and fast days during the year are days of abstinence from flesh meat. On Saturdays, which by law are also fast days, flesh meat is allowed by Apostolic indulgence at all meals, unless they happen to be fast days.

The following are fast days of obligation: All days of Lent (except Sundays); the Ember days; the Vigils or eves of Pentecost, of the Assumption B. V. M., of All Saints, and of Christmas; lastly, the Fridays of Advent.

On fast days only one full meal a day is allowed to persons obliged to fast. But indulgence allows coffee, tea, chocolate, with a piece of bread in the morning, and the use of eggs, butter, milk, etc., in the evening. For sufficient reason the collation (lunch) may be taken at noon and the dinner or principal meal in the evening.

By Apostolic indulgence flesh meat is allowed only at the principal meal on all week days during Lent except Wednesdays and Fridays and the Saturday in Ember week (Feb. 27) and Holy Week (April 2). On fast days, flesh meat and fish (including oysters, crabs, frogs, turtles, etc.) are never allowed at the same meal, a rule which applies even to the Sundays in Lent and to all persons however otherwise excused or dispensed from the law of either abstinence or fast. But meals may always be prepared with the drippings of either lard or fat.

Persons excused from fast may use flesh meat more than once on the days when it is allowed at all.

Catholics having attained the sufficient use of reason are bound by the law of abstinence. But when it is either physically or morally impossible to observe the law, or when it would entail serious difficulties, they are excused from it.

In virtue of the Apostolic faculties granted us by the Holy See we hereby delegate pastors to dispense, in each single case, from abstinence the men actually engaged in threshing as well as the farmer families at whose place threshing is going on.

Catholics having completed their twenty first year of age, are bound to fast. But the causes of excuse just mentioned in regard to abstinance apply also to the law of fasting. Hence the church ordinarily exempts from fasting the sick and those in feeble health (whether by sickness or old age); women nursing children, all who are engaged in laborious or exhausting occupations. Persons in doubt whether they are excused or not, should consult their confessor or pastor for advice or dispensation.

In virtue of an Apostolic indulgence we permit workingmen and their families the use of flesh meat at the principal common meal on all fast days and abstinence days throughout the year, with the exception of all Fridays, Ash Wednesday, the Wednesday and Saturday of holy week and the eve of Christmas.

Persons excused or dispensed from the law of fast or abstinance ought to perform some other good works of piety and charity in the spirit of Christian penance and sanctification. Hence the pious custom of giving Lenten Alms. "Redeem thou thy sins with alms, and thy iniquities with works of mercy." Dan. iv., 24. Also the custom of abstaining from intoxicating drinks, of staying away from theaters, dances, card parties and other profane amusements.

### E. O. K. Club Masquerade.

Friday evening was a gala night for the E. O. K. club, and the members and their friends were out in fancy dress for the occasion. The ladies of the party seemed to vie with each other to see which could appear in the prettiest costume, while the gentlemen threw dignity to the winds and appeared in the manner that was best calculated to disguise them from their friends.

There was everything from a Chinaman to an English dandy, while clowns and other humorous characters were represented in plenty to add to the occasion. The frolic was kept up until two o'clock when the fun broke up for the night.

Furnished rooms for rent, centrally located. Inquire at Mackey's book and news store.

### BOMBARDMENT IS OVER.

Consolidated People Have About Finished Blasting at the Mill.

People who have during the past year kept their dishes, fine chinaware and other perishable articles tied to their resting place on account of the heavy charges of dynamite that were being fired daily by the Consolidated people, may now heave a sigh of relief, for the worst is over.

The company started just about a year ago to blast out the wheel pit and ever since that time every possible minute has been utilized by a gang of workmen in drilling or blasting at this place or where the tail race empties into the river. The blasting has been done almost entirely either at quitting time at noon or night, with an occasional shot in between to keep up the interest.

Some of these blasts have been wonders in their way, and when they were fired the very earth seemed to tremble from the detonation. Although a trifling startling at times, nobody has minded the noise, as it was only the evidence of a great industry being carried to completion, one that the citizens of Grand Rapids have looked forward to for a long time. The company has used a total of about thirty thousand pounds of dynamite in the work of blasting out the wheel pit and tail race, and in the handling of all of this high explosive not a single accident has occurred. This is a very good record, for notwithstanding the fact that dynamite is considered as safe to handle as almost any other commodity, still accidents do happen in its use, and they generally result fatally to anyone who happens to be anywhere within talking distance.

The company has completed the work on the tail race and the water will be allowed to fill in where the pumps have been at work keeping it dry for so long. This part of the work has brought out the most difficulties that has been encountered and all those interested are glad that it is over with.

### New Creamery Company.

Articles of incorporation have been drawn for a new creamery company which is being organized in the town of Arpin. The new company will be known under the name of the Fairview Dairy Association, and the incorporators are a number of farmers located in the towns of Arpin and Hansen.

The new company will build a creamery, which will be located about on the town line between Arpin and Hansen, on section two in the town of Hansen. The place is about two and one half miles from the village of Vesper and is near the Northwestern and Wisconsin Central railroads.

### Going to Merrill.

Attorney George C. Curtis, who has been located in this city in the practice of law for some time past, has decided to remove from here and return to Merrill. He returned from that city the fore part of the week and states that he has received a very favorable chance there to enter an old firm, and feels it his duty to accept.

Although with us but a short time, he has made many friends here who will be sorry to hear that he has decided to leave. Mr. Curtis states that he will make the change as soon as it is possible for him to do so.

### Basket Ball Friday.

If nothing unforeseen occurs there will be a basket ball game at the high school gymnasium on Friday evening between the local high school team and the team from Stevens Point. The locals have been practicing steadily and are said to be in better shape than ever before, so there is no reason why our people should not see a good game.

Music will be furnished before the game and between the halves by the high school orchestra. The members of his organization are practicing steadily and are making good progress, so that their music is greatly appreciated by those in attendance.

Those who will take part in the game so far as known, are, Charley Loeffelholz, captain; Roy Little, Frank Natick, Leonard Voyer, Frank Nimitz, Clay Lamberton and Charley Nash.

### Nearly Forfeits His Life.

A runaway almost ending fatally, started a horrible ulcer on the leg of J. B. Orner, Franklin Grove, Ill. For four years it defied all doctors and all remedies. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve had no trouble to cure him. Equally good for Burns, Bruises, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25c at John E. Daly's Drug Store.

### A GOOD ENTERTAINMENT

Marshfield Singers Amuse a Large Crowd at the Opera Hall.

One of the largest audiences that ever assembled at the opera house was on Wednesday evening of last week to witness the production of the Pirates of Penzance by the Marshfield Choral society. The auditorium of the opera house was entirely filled and it was made up of the music lovers of this section.

The opera was rendered in a most pleasing manner, and the audience expressed its pleasure many times by liberal applause and numerous encores, which were responded to with good nature and in a most pleasing manner.

The part of the pirate chief was taken by Walter Mason, and his deep bass voice was very appropriate for the occasion, being powerful and full of resonance. All were pleased with Mr. Mason's rendition of the part.

The part of Ruth was taken by Mrs. Hiram Below. Mrs. Below has a very sweet voice with plenty of power, and she received many compliments for the manner in which she handled the part. Some expressed the opinion quite openly that Mrs. Below was the best of the whole troupe.

Another who took his part in good style was E. E. Finney. Mr. Finney has good tenor voice, one that is full of music, and his solos were very pleasing. Miss Jessica McFarlane had the star part among the ladies, and she showed a training that is something unusual. Miss McFarlane has sung here several times before so that many in the audience knew what to expect from her and she did not disappoint them. The choruses were many of them fine, and they received many compliments on this feature of their entertainment.

After the opera the floor was cleared and those who cared to indulged in a couple of hours of dancing to the music of the Marshfield orchestra.

The excursion train that brought down the party had on board one hundred and five passengers, so that Marshfield was well represented here, and both the home people and those from Marshfield expressed themselves as being well pleased with the evening's entertainment.

### Is Going to Tunnel City.

The following item from the Tomah Journal will no doubt prove of interest to many of our people:

"Mr. W. H. Taft has disposed of his entire stock of merchandise to his nephew, Mr. Roy Taft of Grand Rapids, who will take possession March 1st. Mr. Taft has conducted a general store business in the same stand for the long period of twenty three years, and during that time has held the confidence of the people of the community for integrity and square dealing. He will continue as manager for a few months with W. D. Woodward as salesman."

Upon being interviewed on the matter by the Tribune man Mr. Taft stated that he expected to leave for Tunnel City in the near future to take up his new line of business. Mr. Taft has been bookkeeper at the office of the Grand Rapids Milling company during the past three years, and during his residence in the city has made many friends who will be sorry to hear of his departure. They will unite, however, in wishing him success in his new location.

### Bad Weather For Quail.

A farmer from the vicinity of Arpin stated on Monday that he had found a number of quail frozen to death, the inclement weather of the past two months evidently having proven too much for the little fellows. The fall of sleet has added to the unfavorable conditions and has not only prevented them from getting under shelter but has also cut off their feed to a large extent. No doubt the cold weather and presence of sleet will also prove disastrous to the other game birds in this section, as the trees have been so covered with ice that the buds were to a great extent inaccessible.

There is no Rochelle Salts, Lime or Ammonia in food made with  
**Calumet Baking Powder**  
NOT IN THE BAKING POWDER TRUST—  
It makes sure food.



With a tailor-made suit wear  
**MINOR'S MONOGRAM SHOES**  
They give the finishing touch to a swell costume

—For Sale by

**I. ZIMMERMAN,**  
The Leading Shoe Man.

## SHOES!

You can get the habit line in the city of . . . .

**G. BRUDERLIE,**

The West Side Shoe Man.

## PLUMBING

AND STEAM FITTING

All Work Guaranteed to be of the best

Shop at Metzger's old stand on Baker Street east of the court house.

**A. GITCHELL,**  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

Will You Be One?  
My patients are my best advertisers.  
All Glasses fitted by me, sell others.  
I want to add you to my chain.  
To fit you is to fit your friends in the future.  
I invite you to call and see these Goods.

**A. P. HIRZY,**  
Jeweler and Optician.  
East Side Grand Rapids, Wis.

## GET THE HABIT

And get your work done . . . . at the . . . .

**DIXON HOTEL BARBER SHOP.**  
All our work guaranteed.  
Frank Dudley, Prop.

"A Friend to Those Who Cannot Talk."  
**Dr. V. P. NORTON,**  
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist  
Tel. 1st. Grand Rapids, Wis.

## A SOFT WORD TURNETH AWAY WRATH

[Original.]

"It is a good many years ago," said a white-haired, wrinkled-faced man, "that I was an overseer on a southern plantation. The overseer of slaves has so often been pictured as a monster, especially in the character of Legree in 'Uncle Tom's Cabin,' that I have seldom admitted that I ever held such a position. The truth is, I was born and brought up in the south under the system of slavery, and to me it was a matter of course. The planter for whom I worked was as kindly a man as ever lived. Our method of punishment I think now and thought then was faulty, but we must remember that in those days flogging was common in the schools and in many families where parents whipped their children.

"One day a strong, lusty negro became insubordinate and refused to work. I ordered him flogged. After his punishment he said to me, 'I'll get even with you for this,' and the look he gave me at the same time convinced me that he would be as good as his word. Many overseers would have had him flogged again and again and then been ready to shoot him at the slightest provocation. On the contrary, I treated him more kindly than ever, though not letting him see that I attached any importance to words uttered under great humiliation.

"Pete—that was the negro's name—tried at various times to kill me, though indirectly. One night I found on turning down my bedclothes a poisonous snake between the sheets. It had doubtless been placed at the foot of the bed, but had not remained there. I suspected Pete of the work, and the next morning, coming upon him suddenly, he was unable to conceal his feelings at seeing me, knowing that his plan had failed. At another time he placed a huge stone over my door so that the door's opening would dislodge the stone. I was struck on the shoulder, which was dislocated, and I was laid up for weeks. Several other attempts were made to kill me in some such fashion, but none of them could I trace to Pete, though I felt fairly sure he had laid the traps. At last I grew so wary that I was always on the watch, and it would have been very difficult for him to catch me. However, after I had discovered a train of gunpowder laid under my bed I told Pete that I understood his purpose and upon another attempt would reveal his doings to his master, have him arrested, and I did not think it would take any court long to send him to prison for a good many years to come. I admit this long suffering was not usual to the overseers of the south. The truth is that when I had seen Pete flogged it occurred to me that if I were in his place I should probably seek revenge. Yet no revenge was open to the slave that would not react on him.

"Meanwhile Pete, who was married, had a son born to him, a bright, woolly-headed little pickaninny, who would himself about Pete's revengeful heart. The child made a great change in his father in his relations to all save me. Though I didn't catch Pete in any overt acts toward me after this son's coming, I felt that he hated me more than ever. Besides, his master remarked to me that Pete had shown signs of sulkiness and insubordination toward him.

"Then the master was taken ill and died. When his estate was settled it was found to be insolvent. Most of the negroes were sold at auction, Pete and his wife and child among the number. When it was announced that he and his family were liable to separation, Pete became the most desperate looking man I ever saw. He brooded till it seemed as if he would lose his reason. When the sale came on, the auctioneer, failing to get a bid for the three in one lot, began the sale of Pete individually, intending to follow with his wife and child, together if possible, if not separately.

"Pete, having a bad reputation, did not attract bids and was about to be knocked down to a negro trader when I stepped in and began to bid for him. I was curious to note his expression when he saw what I was about. He apparently supposed that I was trying to buy him for the purpose of revenging myself upon him, and when he was knocked down to me gave me a look which meant plainly, 'Well, we shall see who lives longest.' But when I began to bid for his wife and child he was puzzled. He had evidently thought I had intended to separate them. I was obliged to bid high, but I secured the two, and then Pete gave me another look, this time of relief mingled with bewilderment.

"'Pete,' I said when the sale was over, 'I have leased a small plantation, and you and your wife and family are my first hands to stock it.'

"Not long after that the war came on, and I was obliged to leave my plantation to fight—for well, a system I didn't like. I placed everything in Pete's hands. The Yankees came down, and most of the hands left, but Pete and his wife and pickaninny stayed on. The fences were burned for campfires, but Pete rebuilt them. The outhouses were torn down, but Pete gathered the fragments and put them together again. Then came the end of the war, with the abolition of slavery. But Pete would have none of it. He worked for me till the day of his death under the old system and charged his wife and child not to leave me so long as I lived. The wife has gone to join him long ago, but the pickaninny—well, I educated the pickaninny, and he knows the value of freedom as his father never could have known it."

WALTER M. NORWOOD.

## HINTS FOR FARMERS

The Agricultural Press.

Before the science of agriculture, based upon geology, botany, chemistry and physiology, was framed or expressed in common words farmers who were thoughtful and studious strove to base their work and explain the growth of crops upon certain changes in the moon's phases. The plantings in "light or dark" moons were the honest efforts of seekers for light on a subject wrapped in darkness for ages. This folklore is supposed to have grown out of the well known action of the moon upon tides. What vestige of truth may have been concealed in this first theory of farming we may never learn because scientific investigation and results point us to more certain methods.

The agricultural press was the first great agent of instruction pointing the people to the reasonable causes of successful crop production. Gradually all papers and books have added their influence against unsystematic farming. The colleges and schools now all point to scientific agencies as a means of increase in farm production.

But the agricultural press is still the bearer of the most technical farm facts based upon science. The farm paper is the "rural trade journal," dealing especially in the intricate subjects that make for profits and higher farm life. Under this instruction a small per cent of the farmers and stockmen—the more intelligent—are no longer "chance farmers." These people are intelligent enough to form clear personal conclusions upon subjects about which they read. The trouble is that there are comparatively few readers of farm papers in the southwest.—Farm and Ranch.

### Farmers Are Solid.

In a recent address before the Pennsylvania state grange Judge Troutman said: "You farmers are as solid and substantial as the hills. All classes, whether rich or poor, must ultimately look to you for food and clothes. Your united voices as the result of your splendid organization are being heard by our legislators. You cannot be resisted and can demand as never before what you ask." Never was a truer statement made. Farmers realize more and more the significance of organization and co-operation in the preservation and extension of their everyday rights and interests. Farmers should increase their membership and efficiency in the grange and other co-operative movements in every section. We can hold the balance of power in our own hands by looking after farm interests, as do the men back of large commercial and industrial enterprises.—American Agricurist.

### Horses and Farm Machinery.

Improved machinery requires less horsepower for its operation. Reapers and mowers are much lighter than formerly, and their gearing is arranged on a more scientific basis. The self binding reaper is hauled by two horses, while the old reaper required four. Many one horse mowers are now in use which perform the work formerly accomplished by two horses. The two-horse mowers are made to cut a wider swath. The improved plows enable a team to turn a twelve inch furrow, when twenty years ago only two-thirds as wide could be turned. Similar advances have been made in all classes of farm appliances. The improvement in country roads, begun in the last decade, will result in making more effective the power of the work horse and will, therefore, still further reduce the number required to do the work of the farm.

### Apple Pomace For Cows.

Experiments by the Vermont station show apple pomace a good ration for cows and greedily eaten by them—in fact, to be quite equivalent in feeding value to corn silage when used as a partial substitute for that material. Both the Vermont and Massachusetts stations have fed from twenty-five to thirty-five pounds a day per cow with entire satisfaction and continuously for five months, the milk flow being maintained remarkably well. Assuming that the pomace costs the farmer a dollar a ton, the Vermont station found apple pomace silage equally as good as corn silage. It is suggested to avoid putting animals on full feed at once, but rather to accustom them to it gradually.

### The Potato Planter.

The Kansas City World says that the potato planter of today would make the potato planter of a generation ago sit up and rub his eyes. It requires that the potatoes be supplied, but will do all the rest on its own initiative. It picks the potato up and looks it over—or seems to—cuts it into halves, quarters or any desired number of parts, separates the eyes and removes the seed ends. It plants whole potatoes or parts thereof, as desired, as near together or as far apart as the judgment of the farmer on the driving part suggests. Having dropped the seed, it covers it, fertilizes it, tucks it in like a child to bed and paces off the next row with mathematical accuracy.

### Sorting and Planting Corn.

Something new, even in corn planting, is suggested by the work of Professor P. G. Holden of Iowa. His plan, in a word, requires the sorting by hand of seed corn and the planting of just the right number of grains in the hill or drill. He finds that in Iowa the best crops are obtained from an average of a little over three stalks to the hill. Northern corn could, no doubt, endure thicker planting. As to picking over the kernels by hand, he reckons that a man can sort and bushel a day, enough seed for seven acres, and that the work will make \$35 difference in the crop where corn is 50 cents a bushel.—American Cultivator.

## FACTS IN FEW LINES

It is estimated that the recent labor strikes in New York cost \$25,000,000.

According to statistics, 180,000 persons go from New Jersey to Manhattan and return in a day.

Orders have recently been executed in Japan for a supply of fishing nets for Alaska, valued at \$30,000.

The chamber of commerce has appointed a special committee to investigate the overcrowding in New York streets.

Rats are becoming so numerous in Northamptonshire, England, that men who will exterminate them are being advertised for.

Lincolshire has the biggest English farm. Over 2,000 acres are under plow. The second largest is near Coldstream, in Northumberland.

According to the census taken by the prefecture of the Seine, there are at present in Paris 41,350 Italians, 12,000 Belgians and 32,500 Germans.

The Buckinghamshire township of Beaconsfield, England, which has a population of 6,000, has not had a case of infectious disease in a year.

A postcard from Berlin to Turin on June 7, 1877, has just come back stamped, "Address not known." The writer has been dead twenty-four years.

The financial advancement of Canada rivals our own. In 1867 the Dominion banks had less than \$80,000,000 of assets. They now have \$600,000,000.

A small fraction of an ounce of radium properly employed would provide a good light sufficient for several rooms and would not require renewal during the present century.

In German markets California prunes and apricots are rapidly supplanting the products of France and Italy. The California fruit is cheaper and its flesh brighter and more solid.

An elephant costs \$5,000, and it is likely to live twenty years. A lion will cost \$1,000 and is good for twelve years. A Siberian tiger costs \$4,000, a polar bear \$1,000, a black bear \$200.

Irish is today the living tongue of almost as many people as speak Welsh, Greek, Servian, Bulgarian, Norwegian or Danish. In Galway alone are 17,838 persons who can speak nothing but Irish.

The secrecy of Sunday school teachers is causing much anxiety to London clergymen. In many parishes the teachers complain that their classes are too large to be dealt with effectively, and helpers are not forthcoming even from among crowded congregations.

In a foreign office report on the trade of Nanjing it is stated that such is the value placed on literary degrees by the Chinese that during a period when hundreds of the inhabitants were dying daily from cholera no fewer than 17,000 students visited the city to compete for 200 vacancies.

An eight inch pipe line has been constructed from the Bakersfield oil region 280 miles to San Francisco by the Standard Oil company. The oil is so thick that it has to be heated every twenty-seven miles as it travels. The line is covered with asbestos and delivers 20,000 barrels a day.

There are 22,312 printing establishments in the United States, and the value of the finished product is about \$350,000,000 a year. One and a quarter billion pounds of paper are used in a year. Forty thousand salaried officers, clerks and so on are employed in the business and 170,000 workers.

Hugo Jacob, a wooden armed army pensioner of Bingen-on-the-Rhine, became intoxicated on the night of his birthday. He felled four policemen with his wooden arm, cracked a beer house keeper's head, smashed all the crockery in the establishment and finally smashed his arm. He is now in prison.

The Figaro of Paris is congratulating itself on the prediction it made two years ago that one could soon communicate with passengers on Atlantic steamers without leaving the boulevards. Recently the Compagnie Transatlantique distributed booklets giving the directions necessary for utilizing this mode of correspondence.

The British storage battery patents, says the Engineering and Mining Journal, over which there has been so much litigation, expired on March 3, 1903. The patents were fundamental in character and covered nearly all the useful forms of perforated, ribbed, grooved or studded lead plates as well as the mechanical application of active material to them.

The temperance movement which began in Japan in 1873 with a society of foreign residents of Yokohama has grown until now there are forty-six of these societies united in a national temperance league. The league represents 3,617 members. As a result of their agitation a bill has been passed prohibiting the use of tobacco by children under twenty years of age.

It is suggested that the height of the Mississippi's floods could be diminished with great incidental profit to agriculture by building reservoirs in its western branches. These tributaries pass through arid countries where the water if used for irrigation would repay the cost of dams, and, too, the artificial lakes above the dams would modify the climate in the interest of uniformity, while the waste water would be converted into electricity for power.

Thirty-four states allow dissection of the human body. Nineteen have liberal acts for the providing of material, fifteen have illiberal ones, and the laws of eleven states are silent as to the study of anatomy, excepting in their laws of malpractice. Thirty-one states forbid the desecration of graves. In the enlightened states the lawmakers have assumed that if the dead has no friends willing to pay for his burial he has none whose heartstrings would be torn if he were dissected. So all unclaimed bodies go to the medical colleges.

## LOTS FOR SALE.

## CLOVERDALE Addition

West Side.

This addition is platted and on record.

Streets are all graded and every street drains to a catch basin.

All alleys are 14 feet wide and lead to each lot in every block.

Every foot of this addition is cleared and ready for building.

Soil is the best and will make fine gardens or beautiful lawns.

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We Charge the nominal price of

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**THE BEST SHOES.**

A BRAND NEW stock can be found at our store. Everything from the heaviest working shoe to the finest goods turned out. Come and see us before you buy elsewhere.

Fine Repairing done on short notice. All work warranted.

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West Side, South of Gett's Restaurant.

16,000 — PEOPLE — 16,000

**DR. BREWER,**

Will show you the names and the result obtained of over 16,000 people treated by him.

THIS EXPERIENCE SHOULD BE OF BENEFIT TO THE SICK.

If you have met DR. BREWER you know him to be candid and honest in all he tells you. He never sacrifices manhood to the dollar, nor does he profess to perform wonders, but to CURE ALL CURABLE DISEASES. He has had the largest experience of any doctor in the United States in the treatment of venereal diseases. Do not give up if other doctors have failed.

Get the benefit of his experience FREE.

We are prepared to show successful results in treating diseases of the Liver, Heart, Lung, Stomach, Kidneys, Brain, Nerves, Diabetes, Neuralgia, Debility, Youthful Indulgences, Cancer, Old Scrofa, Tumors, Blotches, Eruptions, Ulcers, Catarrh, Consumption, Influenza, Asthma, Scrofula, Pimples, Eruptions, Ulcers, Blotches, and all diseases of long standing.

Address Dr. Brewer, 1234 Chicago Ave., Evanston, Ill.

Will be at Dixon House, this city, March, 10, 1904.

Will also be at Stevens Point 8, Hancock 9.

ALL KINDS OF **COAL**

## VICTIMS OF A RECOIL

By Louise J. Strong

Copyright, 1883, by T. C. McClure.

"Wh-e-ew! This is the hottest day that ever broiled!" Mr. J. Sanborn, elderly, somewhat portly and very irascible, glared about, defying contradiction.

The old gentleman in front of him bristled aggressively.

Mr. Sanborn, with an eye out for offense, observed the bristling and reiterated dogmatically. "The very hottest day!"

"No such thing! There's been inflations hotter!" The old gentleman flushed around like a pugnacious bulldog.

"The very hottest day!" Mr. Sanborn bawled stubbornly.

"Not even the hottest this season! On the 10th the thermometer registered 16 degrees higher," his opponent explained with aggravating exactness.

"Then the thermometer lied! All other thermometers do!"

"My thermometer is exact! It's the best made."

"I don't care if it's the only one made; it lies if it says there's ever been a hotter day than today!" Mr. Sanborn mopped his face in exaggerated distress.

People were smiling at the absurd contention, and a girl across the aisle giggled. Both disputants looked at her, and with a gesture of authority the old gentleman ordered:

"Here, miss, you look cool and reasonable. Tell this lump of obstinacy that today is frigid beside the 10th."

"Oh, don't ask me to be impire. I don't know anything about thermometers. I always go by my feelings," she cried.

"The only sensible way," Mr. Sanborn affirmed.

"The way of ninnies and numskulls!" stormed the old gentleman.

"Your station, sir," the conductor interrupted. The old gentleman bounded off, trailing his statements and assertions to the platform.

The train started. Mr. Sanborn stuck his head out the window and shouted, "The very hottest day!"

Then he settled back and laughed. The girl laughed, too, and slipped across into the old gentleman's place.

"I wound him up!" Mr. Sanborn explained with satisfaction.

"I expect he thinks it is pretty hot by now," she smiled, "but, really, you know, we have had hotter weather."

"Oh, yes," he assented unexpectedly. "I suppose I'm doing my own roasting."

"Fuming?" she intimated.

"Like a bolting kettle. Think I'd explode but for easing off on the old gentleman," he chuckled in memory of the exploit.

"You should take things easy in hot weather. It's the only way to keep cool," she remarked sagely.

"Take things easy! Look here, when you've had a blow that's knocked all your life plans helter skelter you don't feel either easy or cool!"

"No; that's true. One ought make new plans," she suggested.

"New plans?" he scoffed. "I don't know why I'm the one to make concessions. He owes all he is to me."

She looked polite inquiry, and he continued: "You see, it's my nephew. I've raised him and been a father to him—done well by him too; given him the best advantages money'll buy. And all I've asked of him is that he'll go ahead and be a credit to us."

He paused reminiscently.

"And hasn't he?" she asked. A glow lit his face.

"He has! He's been on top all the time, taken the honors everywhere, and he stands to pull off the biggest of all now."

"I should say that was satisfactory," she commented.

"Satisfactory! I'm chock full of pride! But I'm justified in being proud. He graduates from C—university—no little college, mind you—with the honors of his class. Why, with my money behind him he might be anything he chose anywhere. And what does he do but deliberately kick over his own prospects. Here I've been planning all sorts of things for him when he gets through travel, where and as long as he pleases; marriage with the best when he's ready for it, and the young jackanapes has gone and engaged himself to a milkmaid."

"A milkmaid," she repeated faintly.

"Farmer's daughter, he said, but they're all milkmaids. I suppose her dad raked up a little money and sent her to the university to take on some polish and take in some young idiot like Maurice. He's the star, and she couldn't do better, though she might find some with more money."

"Have you seen her?"

"No, nor want to either. I know how she looks: overgrown and coarse, with big red cheeks that he, the simpleton, calls 'roses of nature,' he quoted contemptuously. 'He can go to the farm with her and make a field hand for the old man, and I'll try to crawl out from the ruins. Jings, I wish I'd trained him in the business back there in Chicago!' He struck the seat excitedly and went on: 'He kept it from me till his last letter. I've been boiling ever since—110 in the shade. I came pretty near not going to the graduating fan-dango, and I've locked it for years.'

"Then you are to be there tonight," she said.

"That's what I'm on the road for. No, not want to either. I know how she looks: overgrown and coarse, with big red cheeks that he, the simpleton, calls 'roses of nature,' he quoted contemptuously. 'He can go to the farm with her and make a field hand for the old man, and I'll try to crawl out from the ruins. Jings, I wish I'd trained him in the business back there in Chicago!' He struck the seat excitedly and went on: 'He kept it from me till his last letter. I've been boiling ever since—110 in the shade. I came pretty near not going to the graduating fan-dango, and I've locked it for years.'

"Then you are to be there tonight," she said.

"That's what I'm on the road for.

He spoke of my coming a day or so earlier, but I don't want to see him till afterward. It might not be good for his nerves, and I naturally want him to do his best before the public."

"Naturally," she assented, adding: "I'm going there too. I have friends in the class."

"Why, that's all-right," he exclaimed. "We're strangers, and we'd probably each be alone. Why not sit together?"

"Thank you, we will. It is kind of you to suggest it," she replied, hiding an amused smile.

By exchange of cards they introduced themselves and had become very good friends by the time they reached their destination.

"Shall I call for you?" he asked at parting.

"Oh, no, thank you. We will meet in the hall," she returned, with a flash of repressed merriment.

"Very good, young lady, but not quite so perfect as you suppose," he muttered, watching the slender figure slip away.

When in unaccustomed and uncomfortable evening dress he was conducted to his seat he scarcely recognized her in the resplendent creature the center of an incuse offering throng, but when he did he breathed an "ah, ha!" of satisfaction, adding, with a chuckle: "I see, I see! But I think the little joke will boomerang!"

She detached herself presently and made her way to him, murmuring an apology for omitting to mention that she had attended the university the previous year.

To his eager question she admitted that she had met Maurice. To his equally eager question concerning the incident she hesitated uncertainly.

Which was not strange, seeing that Mr. Sanborn had no name for her, the young blockhead having alluded to her merely as "a farmer's daughter, the girl of my choice."

"I am sure that short, thick, homely girl is the one—the third from the end," Mr. Sanborn groaned.

"Oh, perhaps not," she comforted, subduing a smile.

"She's the one," he assented as positively and aggressively as he had proclaimed the state of the weather. The opening exercises prevented further discourse.

In spite of his heated resentment Mr. Sanborn swelled with pride at the overwhelming success of his nephew and joined in the applause that called him out again and again.

"He's pulled them off, as I told you he would," he boasted to the girl, who, with flushed cheeks and wet eyes, had burst her glove in expressing her approbation. "It would be glorious but for that beefy creature he's talking to," he added, choking indignantly.

Maurice got away from the congratulations at last and reached them, saying with outstretched hand, "Well, uncle, I hope you are satisfied with me."

"Um-m—yes, pretty well!" his uncle grunted, his eyes fixed significantly upon the thick, homely girl across the hall.

Seeing which, Maurice said, with a sly glance at the girl beside him:

"May I introduce you to my farmer's daughter, uncle? She's—"

Mr. Sanborn broke in, exclaiming: "Why, I know the man she's talking with; done business with him! I'll just introduce myself and have it out with her too!" he growled over his shoulder, slipping like an eel through the crowd.

"Good heavens!" Maurice cried against. "If he should say anything impudent to Miss Mabel!"

"Oh, Maurice! And she the president's niece! He'll say anything! Stop him; stop him!" the girl wailed.

"Stop who?—the thief?" a young man queried laughingly.

They trailed through the crowd in an agony of apprehension. There was no pleasure in the situation for them.

Mr. Sanborn had arrived, shaken hands with the gentleman and was speaking to the young lady, who listened with serious attention.

"Look at her! There'll be an explosion soon! Oh, why did we undertake the silly trick?" Maurice's companion groaned in his ear.

His uncle beckoned urgently, preventing Maurice's reply.

"I suppose you know my nephew and his milkmaid, the farmer senator's daughter," Mr. Sanborn said to the gentleman as the reluctant couple approached.

Then he burst into a roar of laughter at the blank faces of the wily young conspirators.

### Family Discipline.

Dr. Tuckerman, classmate of William Ellery Channing, was one of Channing's few intimate friends through life. They were always extremely frank with one another and sometimes gave each other sharp answers. On at least one of the recorded occasions, says Mr. John W. Chadwick in his life of the great preacher, Dr. Channing came out ahead.

Dr. Tuckerman on one of his frequent visits inquired for Mrs. Channing and was informed that she had gone to Newport to open the house for the summer.

"Alone?" asked Dr. Tuckerman. Dr. Channing assented, and Dr. Tuckerman, responding, said:

"Do I understand you to say that Mrs. Channing has gone into the country alone to open the house for the summer?"

"That is what I said, Dr. Tuckerman."

"Well, Dr. Channing, you will permit me to say that I should not think of asking Mrs. Tuckerman to go to the country alone to open the house for the summer."

Then Dr. Channing laughed his small, dry laugh and rejoined:

"Very likely, Dr. Tuckerman, and if you should most probably she would not go."

Thereupon questions of large public interest were immediately taken up.

### THE MULE AND THE MAN.

The mule he is a gentle beast; He's satisfied to be the least. And so is man.

Like man, he may be taught some tricks; He does his work from eight to six.

The mule, when he gets mad he kicks. And so does man.

The mule he has a load to pull. And so has man.

Like man, he's happiest when he is full. And so is man.

The mule, when he holds a patient poise, And when his work's done will rejoice.

The mule likes to hear his voice. And so does man.

The mule has his faults, 'tis true. And so has man.

He does some things he should not do. And so does man.

Like man, he doesn't yearn for style. And so does man.

The mule's acquired of mullishness. And so is man.

—St. Louis Globe-Democrat

For Excellent Reasons.



## LIVER TROUBLES

"Find Thedford's Black-Draught a good medicine for liver disease. It cured my son after he had spent \$100 with doctors. It is all the medicine I take."—MRS. CAROLINE MARTIN, Parkersburg, W. Va.

If your liver does not act regularly go to your druggist and secure a package of Thedford's Black-Draught and take a dose tonight. This great family medicine frees the constipated bowels, stirs up the torpid liver and causes a healthy secretion of bile.

Thedford's Black-Draught will cleanse the bowels of impurities and strengthen the kidneys. A torpid liver invites colds, biliousness, chills and fever and all manner of sickness and contagion. Weak kidneys result in Bright's disease which claims as many victims as consumption. A 25-cent package of Thedford's Black-Draught should always be kept in the house.

"I used Thedford's Black-Draught for liver and kidney complaints and found nothing to excel it."—WILLIAM COFFMAN, Marquette, Ill.

## THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

## VICTORIA, DEWEY, SUNBEAM

### A WISE WOMAN

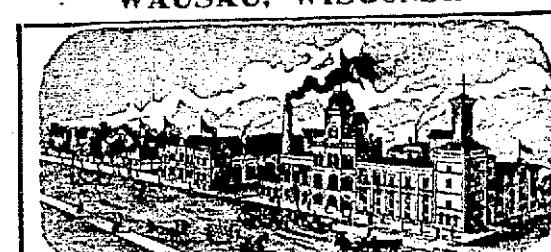
Knows that one of the first requisites in making good bread is to have first-class flour, and she will generally have it if it is obtainable.

### A WISE MAN

Will always see to it that his wife has good flour and to make sure of the matter he will order VICTORIA, DEWEY or SUNBEAM.

## GRAND RAPIDS MILLING CO.

Capacity, 36,000 BIS.



Geo. La Breche, Agent, Grand Rapids, Wis. Telephone 333

## Money to Loan

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### Abstracts of Title

Deeds, Mortgages, Land Contracts, etc., carefully drawn.

**For Sale** Twenty acres under cultivation, together with small house and barn. This place is only two miles from business part of Grand Rapids and can be bought on a bargain before April 1st.

**For Sale** Four good lots near Polish Catholic church on west side. Also a large list of other good city and farm property.

## C. E. BOLES,

Tel 322 Office in MacKinnon block, west side of bridge

## ... MONEY TO LOAN ...

Abstracts, Insurance, Real Estate.

Office over West Side P. O. Telephone No. 41.

CHAS. S. WHITTLESEY.

## REPAIRING...

I do anything in the line of repairing Sewing machines, bicycles, Razors, shears and saws sharpened. All work guaranteed.

The Best Carpenter Tools can always be found here.

A full line of fine Cutlery, Guns, and Revolvers kept in stock.

## D. M. HUNTINGTON'S,

East Side Near City Hall.

of the city who appreciate nice hanging sleeves, clean fitting shoulders, stylish lapels and handsomely finished edges are those I take special pleasure in pleasing. Leave your order for a suit or overcoat with

# Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMS & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Feb. 17, 1904

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

## SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50  
Six Months.....75

Advertising Rates.—A flat rate of 8 cents per line will be charged for all display advertising. Our columns are 20 lines long, and this rate makes the price per column \$1.00 per insertion. Local notices, early or late, will be charged at the rate of five cents per line. The same rates will be the same for everybody, and no deviation will be made. The Tribune guarantees a circulation of over 1,200 copies each week.

## Municipal Ownership.

The Waupeca Record has the following say concerning the waterworks plant at Waupeca, which, it seems, is owned by the city:

"Municipal ownership—who said it? Socialism would have a hard time getting a corporal's guard to listen to municipal ownership in Waupeca. We have tried it. The city has had marsh muck and barnyard drafplings enough served up the past few years to cure any socialist argument that was ever uttered."

For some time past the children have been working at basket weaving and the work they have produced in this line has been a revelation to their elders, many of whom had never paid any attention to this sort of work and understood little or nothing about it. There is no doubt that the work contributed by the local children will be lost in a world of other exhibitions of the same kind, as is usual on such occasions, but still it will be there and can be found by any one who cares to look it up.

A number of photographs have also been taken of the buildings in which our schools are held and these will also be a part of the exhibit.

On the inside pages of this issue will be found two columns of descriptive matter of the great exposition, which promises to eclipse anything of the kind that has ever been held in the world. The work on the building is said to be going forward at a rapid rate and the managers expect to have everything in readiness when the time comes to open the great show.

## A Poor Sort of a Joke.

Peter Golla, who formerly lived in this city, but who is now millwright in the paper mill at Brokaw, recently received a letter purporting to come from some self appointed band of regulators or white caps, who advise Mr. Golla to leave the place. Following is the letter:

"We want you to put in your notice that you will be thru Saturday. If not Saturday night you will be taken by a troop of masked men and dealt with as you deserve. Remember that we mean business. We have determined to do away with you. Remember, Saturday, February 18, 1904."

It was thought by some that the master was a joke, and was being perpetrated by Mr. Golla's fellow workmen in order to see how he would take the matter. If this was a fact, he took it right, for he announced his intention of staying right where he was and having it out with the the alleged gang of masked men. If it was a joke, it was the poorest kind of a one, and if the perpetrators meant what they said they should be dealt with as any other outlaw if their identity can be discovered.

## Death of Joseph Nims.

Joseph Nims, who lived with his parents on the east side, died on Sunday from consumption after an illness extending over a long time. He has been very weak for several weeks past and for some time had been unable to take any solid food whatever, so that it seemed almost a miracle that he was able to last as long as he did. He was 25 years old.

The funeral occurred on Tuesday from the Catholic church, Rev. F. Van Rosmalen officiating.

## To Look Over Forests.

A dispatch from Madison says: E. M. Griffith, state superintendent of forestry, will start next Friday on an extensive tour of the state forestry reserve. During this trip he will try to interest the owners of large paper mills and other enterprises depending directly on the water supply in the scientific preservation of Wisconsin forests. He will visit the paper millmen of Appleton on Friday and those of Grand Rapids early next week. Afterwards he will spend two weeks or more looking over the state forest reserve, which consists of 31,000 acres in Forest, Oneida and Vilas counties.

"The principal purpose of intelligently preserving forests," Mr. Griffith said today, "is to regulate the water supply. The large forests as the sources of the principal rivers of the country serve to create earth reservoirs. The water seeps through the heavy mold, covering the grounds gradually, thus affording a constant flow during the year."

"The interests of all the people are interdependent, and as the manufacturing, agricultural, and transportation interests depended almost entirely on the water supply, whatever affects it affects the whole people."

Mr. Griffith is an expert forester, and next summer will secure several other experts from the national bureau to assist him in making a careful investigation of the state. He wants a large reserve and wants the tracts well bunched. He says the timber sold off the forest reserve in the state from time to time, will more than pay the expenses of the forestry department.

Another Case of Rheumatism Cured by Chamberlain's Pain Balm.

The efficacy of Chamberlain's Pain Balm in the relief of rheumatism is being demonstrated daily. Parker Tripplett, of Grigsby, Va., says that Chamberlain's Pain Balm gave him permanent relief from rheumatism in the back when everything else failed and would not be without it. Otto's Pharmacy.

Magazines and periodicals at Mackey's.

## LOCAL SCHOOL REPRESENTED

Their Work Will be on Exhibition at St. Louis.

When the St. Louis exposition opens there is one class in our community that will be represented there, even if the rest of us do not eat much of a figure, and this is the school children.

For some time past the instructors in the city have been selecting papers, compositions and others matters that might prove of interest which will be forwarded to the managers of the great fair for exhibition.

For some time past the children have been working at basket weaving and the work they have produced in this line has been a revelation to their elders, many of whom had never paid any attention to this sort of work and understood little or nothing about it.

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## Wants Beet Sugar Plant.

C. K. McLemore, who promoted the Wausau Canning factory and Pasteurizing Milk plant in this city, left at noon today for Chicago and from there will go to Cleveland, Ohio, to visit the Kilby Manufacturing Co., which makes machinery for sugar factories. From Cleveland Mr. McLemore will go to Bay City, Mich., to look over the beet sugar plant there and he will also visit other cities where plants are in operation, including the pioneer plant at Grand Island, Neb. He will carefully inquire into the subject of beet sugar manufacturers will inspect the working of all the newest machinery and will carefully inquire into the cost of a firstclass, and up-to-date plant. He will also present the local situation to investors and interest capital for the enterprise. He will then return to Wausau and submit a proposition for locating a beet factory in Wausau.

It has been amply demonstrated that sugar beets can be grown in enormous quantities on Marathon county lands, the yield per acre being very large. Tests made at the state agricultural experiment station at Madison show them to be very rich in saccharine matter. With large yield of beets, of such richness as command the highest price, there will be great profit to the farmers in their raising. The establishment of a beet sugar factory here will open up a local cash market for all the beets that can be raised near the city and the result will be the clearing for cultivation of many small tracts of land which are now unproductive.

There is practically no doubt but that the local supply of beets would not be sufficient to supply the plant and that beets would be shipped here from as far away as Star Lake, Grand Rapids, Antigo and Marshfield. This would mean much profit to all that section of country included within this radius. It is stated that the Menominee, Mich., factory has contracted for beets from points as far south as Appleton.—Wausau Record.

## Books on Japan.

In view of the fact that many people are just now looking for all the information they can find concerning Japan and its people, we have asked Miss Rabbin, the librarian, to prepare a list of books to be found in the public library bearing on the subject. This she kindly did and the following is the list:

Arnold—*Japonica*.  
Bacon—*Japanese Girls and Women*.  
Bacon—*Japanese Interior*.  
Ballou—*Duo West*.  
Carrou—*Problems of the Far East*.  
Hearn—*Gleanings in Buddha Fields*.  
Hearn—*Glimpses of Unfamiliar Japan*.  
Hearn—*Out of the East; New Japan*.  
Lowell—*Noto*.  
Lowell—*Soul of the Far East*.  
Lowell—*Occult Japan*.  
Murray—*Story of Japan*.  
Taylor—*Visit to China and Japan*.  
Bishop—*Korea and her Neighbors*.  
Curzon—*Problems of the Far East*.  
Griffis—*Korea; the Hermit Nation*.

## Counterfeit Money.

The Stevens Point Journal says: Quite a number of counterfeit silver dollars and fifty and twenty-five cent pieces have been put in circulation in this city recently; so many in fact that it is believed that some persons may even now be here for the express purpose of uttering them. Like all counterfeits of this kind they are much lighter in weight than genuine coins. Another distinguishing feature is that they are very slippery, feel as if soap might have been put on them. The dollars are said to be more perfect than the smaller denominations, and therefore are the more dangerous.

There is evidence that the person who is passing the counterfeit coin has not confined his operations to the city. When one of the spurious dollars was detected in a business transaction today the farmer who had it in his possession said he got it at one of the business places at Custer.

—Mrs. Emma Black, whose dangerous sickness so greatly alarmed her friends, is much better since she started taking Dr. McElwee's treatment a month ago. The trouble was a very serious heart disease, which threatened her life and caused great suffering. She was unable to do the least bit of housework and the mildest exercise even, brought on the distressing symptoms. She had been under the doctor's care steadily but was unable to get any relief even until within the past month, when Dr. McElwee's remedies so happily relieved her. This Chicago specialist during his several year's visits to Grand Rapids has performed many cures of surprising nature.

## Unclaimed Letters.

West Side: Peter Herman, H. Weisberg (foreign) 2.

Mackey makes reading and writing materials a specialty. He can help you make your purchases.

## POINTS FOR SMOKERS.

### How to Use Tobacco Without Injury to Your Health.

Smoking, according to Dr. Caze, a well known French physician, is not an injurious but a healthful habit. However, you must smoke in the proper way and according to rules. There are eight of the latter enumerated by the doctor.

The first two apply to cigars. The latter must be, in the first place, mild, and, secondly, good.

The third rule is always to throw away your cigar when half finished and your cigarette when nearing the end.

The fourth states that neither a cigar nor a cigarette, if it has gone out, must be lighted a second time.

The other rules are:

Never remain in a cloud of smoke, never chew the end of a cigar or cigarette, use a holder lined with cotton wool to absorb the nicotine, and at home smoke a pipe with a long stem or preferably a cigarette.

All these rules being duly observed, you may smoke absolutely as much as you like, and Dr. Caze says that it will not only do you no harm, but may do you good.

### How to Take Iron Mold Out of Linen.

Oxalic acid is universally used by manufacturers. The stained part is stretched over a bowl of hot water, into which it is allowed to dip. A few crystals of the acid are placed on the stain and rubbed with a small bone implement. The stain disappears, and the fabric must then be thoroughly washed in clean water to remove the acid.

### How to Make a Campfire.

An absurd and reprehensibly destructive practice is the building of fires beneath a tree "in order to get the draft," says a writer in the Springfield Republican. The fools that do this kill great trees for nothing but a campfire. There is no sense in that wretched practice. A fire for camp cooking should be built in the open, and nothing is easier. A bare rock is the best place, and if you are to cook by it put up a barrier of loose stone just extensive enough to make a fire as large as a kitchen stove would hold, put a flat stone over these walls, and you have all you want. You can fry bacon and your corn cakes and boil your coffee on that stone. This is as good for winter as for summer. And if you want a hot old campfire clear a space of all combustibles and begin small, gradually adding a stick or two, and the heat beneath will soon grow so strong that you can keep it up for as many hours as you please. But be sure that you let it get down to the ashes before you leave. Nobody knows what may happen after you leave a blazing fire.

### How to Cure Hiccoughs.

When troubled with hiccoughs take a small piece of sugar and allow it to dissolve very slowly in the mouth or drink water very slowly. Another remedy is to have some one locate the pulse. The person afflicted should then take a very deep breath, holding it as long as possible, the other to keep a steady pressure with the fingers upon the pulse.

### How to Evade Grip.

"The so called epidemics of grip which usually appear every winter," said a well known physician, "are more imaginary than real. This troublesome disease shows a marked increase immediately after a fall of snow. This is entirely due to peculiar atmospheric conditions, which follow a snowfall and which affect the bronchial system in such a way as to bring about the unpleasant grip. After an unusually severe snowstorm a number of years ago I had as many as eighty calls a day, all pure cases of the grip. It is the day after the snowfall that one must take the necessary precautions to evade the disease."

### How to Clean Velvet.

To raise the pile on velvet or plush hold the wrong side over steam arising from boiling water until the pile rises. Grease may be taken out of velvet by a little turpentine poured over the spot; then rub briskly with a piece of dry flannel. Repeat the operation if necessary and hang the article in the air.

### How to Make Horseradish Sauce.

Horseradish sauce is to be served hot with roast beef. Mix together in the order given the following ingredients: Four tablespoonsfuls of grated horseradish, four tablespoonsfuls of powdered crackers, one-half of a cupful of cream, one teaspoonful of powdered sugar, one teaspoonful of salt, one-half of a saltspoonful of pepper, one teaspoonful of made mustard and two teaspoonsfuls of vinegar. When all the materials have been thoroughly mixed beat them very hot over boiling water.

### How to Press Trouser.

In pressing trousers the iron should never be pressed upon the cloth of the trousers. Lay a thick, very damp cloth over them after adjusting the legs into the proper creases and press hard through the upper cloth. "Scorch" them is impossible.

### How to Preserve Your Health.

Plenty of fresh air throughout the house, fruit in abundance and heavy roasts, and rich desserts sparingly—these for the order of daily living from Thanksgiving to Easter will prevent spring fever and breakdown. One cause ascribed for the prevalence of pneumonia is the overheating of living and sleeping rooms.

### How to Remove Onion Odor.

To sweeten jars and bottles which retain an odor of onions fill them with garden mold and leave them out of doors for two or three days. When well washed they will be fit for filling with jam or for any other use.

## Death of Mrs. Suhr.

Mrs. William Suhr died at her home in this city on Friday as the result of uremic poisoning. Decedent was twenty one years of age and leaves a husband and one child, the latter a baby only a few weeks old. Mrs. Suhr was the daughter of Ferdinand Wassau of Sigel and has made her home in this city since her marriage. The funeral was held on Sunday from the Congregational church, Rev. B. J. H. Shaw officiating.

Later—Mr. Suhr's baby died on Tuesday and was laid at rest today beside its mother. Mr. Suhr has the sympathy of all in his double affliction.

The other rules are:

Never remain in a cloud of smoke, never chew the end of a cigar or cigarette, use a holder lined with cotton wool to absorb the nicotine, and at home smoke a pipe with a long stem or preferably a cigarette.

When all the returns are in there will be a fair showing of "reformers" who are not adverse to carrying a piece of pasteboard in their pockets which entitles them to free transportation on the railroads. Frank L. Tucker, secretary of the republican state central committee and law examiner in the office of the attorney general acknowledges that he had a railroad pass in his possession in the years 1902 and 1903, which allowed him to ride on the Wisconsin Central road. The Central does not run into Neillsville, the home of the "reformer," but that did not prevent Mr. Tucker from securing a pass. The trouble with the LaFollette "reform" idea is that it wants to "reform" everybody that does not bow down to the theatrical gentleman who is at the head of the machine.—Chilton Times.

### Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.

Unequalled for Constipation.

Mr. A. R. Kane, a prominent druggist of Baxter Springs, Kansas, says: "Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are, in my judgement, the most superior preparation of anything in use today for constipation. They are sure in action and with no tendency to nauseate or gripe. Otto's Pharmacy.

—Time is money To have good time for 1904 have your watches and clocks attended to by W. G. Scott, west side.

### FOR SALE—One block of land located near the Green Bay, St. Paul and Southern Ry. tracks, west side, and main location of Eugene Quinnett, west side.

For Sale Cheap.—One acre and two story house, built this summer, 1882 and 1883. In Cloverbud addition, corner of Randolph and Wood, west side or this office.

### FOR SALE—Forty building lots in first ward from \$75 to \$150. Also good ten room dwelling and lot \$800-\$1200. E. L. Phillips.

### TYPEWRITER PAPER.—A full stock of typewriter paper at the Tribune office.

Several different grades to select from. Also manuscript covers.

### TOWN ORDER BOOKS.—Always on hand at the Tribune office ready for delivery, 100 orders bound in book form on best paper, 30 cents.

—Good second-hand buggy and harness, to go at \$8.00. Inquire at Tribune office.

### WANTED—Special representative in this county and adjoining to represent and advertise an old established business house of some note and standing. Salary \$25 weekly, with expenses, paid each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Expenses advanced; position permanent. We furnish everything. Address, The Columbia, 630 Monroe Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

### FOR SALE—One block of land located near the Green Bay, St. Paul and Southern Ry. tracks, west side, and main location of Eugene Quinnett, west

**F. G. GILKEY,**  
Insurance.  
Fire, Life and Accident. Office with G. W. Paulin at east end of bridge, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

**W. E. WHEELAN,**  
Attorney at Law.  
Office in the Daly Block on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**W. J. CONWAY,**  
Attorney at Law.  
Money loaned, Real estate bought and sold. Offices in Court House, East Side, and MacKinnon Block, West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**GOGGINS & BRAZEAU,**  
Attorneys at Law.  
Office in the MacKinnon Block on the West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**B. M. VAUGHAN,**  
Attorney at Law.  
Stoney loaned. Real estate bought and sold. Gardner Block, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**CONWAY & JEFFREY,**  
Attorneys at Law.  
Law, Loans and Collections. We have \$20,000 which will be loaned at a low rate of interest. Office over First National Bank, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**GEO. H. METCALFE,**  
Attorney at Law.  
Office in MacKinnon block on the west side, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

**JOHN A. GAYNOR,**  
Attorney at Law.  
Office over the Postoffice on the East Side. Will practice in all courts.

**H. WIPPERMAN,**  
Attorney at Law,  
Office on east side, over Wood County National Bank, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**WHEELEN & ROURKE,**  
Law, Loans, Real Estate,  
Abstracts, Insurance, etc.  
Office on the East Side over Cohen's Store.

**HELEN MAUD GILKEY,**  
Soloist - Instructor  
PIANO, Organ, Mandolin, Guitar.  
Studio Sycamore Street. Telephone 90.

**T. J. COOPER,**  
Justice of the Peace.  
And Notary Public. Office in G. N. Wood building, east end of bridge, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**DR. O. T. HOUGEN,**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Office over Italy's Drug Store on east side, Grand Rapids. Other phone No. 318, residence No. 192.

**DR. W. D. HARVIE,**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Specialty of eye, ear, nose and throat. Glasses accurately fitted. Office over Cohen's store, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**DR. J. J. LOOZE,**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Telephone No. 62. Residence telephone No. 246. Office over Wood County Drug store on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**DR. A. L. RIDGMAN,**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Telephone No. 92. Residence phone No. 23. Office over Church's Drug Store on West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**DR. F. POMAINVILLE,**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Telephone at office, No. 35; residence No. 248. Office in rear of Stahl's Drug Store on East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**DR. D. WATERS,**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Night Calls at Dixie House, telephone No. 55. Office over Church's Drug Store, telephone 18. West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis. Office Hours 9 to 11:30, 1 to 3 and 7 to 8:30.

**DR. CHAS. POMAINVILLE,**  
Dentist.  
Telephone No. 218. Office in Pomainville Block West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**DR. D. A. TELFER,**  
Dentist.  
Office over Wood County National Bank on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**DR. F. D. HUMPHREY,**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Graduate Homeopathic and Allopathic Schools. Special attention given to women and children and all chronic diseases. Office over Candy Kitchen, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**DR. A. B. CRAWFORD,**  
Dentist.  
High grade service at reasonable fees. Office in Holmlauer building on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**E. J. CLARK,**  
Dentist.  
Office on the west side over the Gross-Lyons Co. store.

**Perfect Confidence.**  
Where there used to be a feeling of uneasiness and worry in the household when a child showed symptoms of croup, there is now perfect confidence. This is owing to the uniform success of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the treatment of that disease. Mrs. M. I. Basford, of Poolesville, Md., in speaking of her experience in the use of that remedy says: "I have a world of confidence in Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for I have used it with perfect success. My child Garland is subject to severe attacks of croup and it always gives him prompt relief." Otto's Pharmacy.

## SHORT LOCALS

Otto Roenius is in Watertown this week on business.

Atty. Geo. H. McCullough and wife spent Sunday in Milwaukee.

Attorney D. D. Conway went to Milwaukee yesterday on business.

H. P. Chase has been confined to his home for some time past by sickness.

Ed Whitney left on Friday for a trip south, expecting to be gone about a week.

George M. Hill was confined to his home several days the past week with sickness.

M. E. Pillar has been confined to his home with the grip during the past week.

Nels Sandset the tailor has been confined to his home with sickness this week.

Rev. F. A. Nimitz of Rhinelander is in the city the guest of his friend, G. M. Hill.

Will Gross was initiated into the mysteries of the Elk Lodge on Tuesday evening.

L. E. Colvin was in the city on Tuesday, leaving for Milwaukee the same evening.

Miss Jennie Reilly spent last week in this city the guest of her sister, Miss Mary Reilly.

Wilbur Herschleb visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Herschleb, two days last week.

The large clock given away by the Gross & Lyons company was drawn by Mrs. Joseph Peet.

Mrs. D. J. Arpin has gone to Pasadena, Cal., where she will spend the remainder of the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Closout are rejoicing over the arrival of a boy baby at their home last Sunday.

Loewie Nick, of Marshfield, was in the city this morning selling fruit to some of our local merchants.

The Entre Nous Club will meet with Miss Conway at the home of Mrs. Johnson on Feb. 22d.

Mrs. F. A. Hunt of Douglas, Wyoming, is the guest of Mrs. Beulah Biron for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Warren Sanderson was down from Merrill on Monday to visit with friends, returning home next day.

On March 3d we are going to have the largest sale of muslin underwear ever held in this city. Heineman Mercantile Co.

Arrangements have been completed to hold the annual state convention of Eagles at Wausau, June 24th, 25th and 26th.

Rev. Samuel Greenfeldt of Sturgeon Bay is the guest of his father, Rev. John Greenfeldt, in this city for a few days.

I have the following amounts to loan upon good Real Estate security — \$1000; \$800; \$150. Inquire of C. E. BOLES.

The Big Four returned on Monday from their trip to the northern part of the state, and report a very pleasant trip.

Mrs. F. M. Billmyre left on Saturday for Milwaukee where she expects to spend about six weeks visiting with friends and relatives.

The Fraternal Order of Eagles will hereafter hold a meeting every Thursday evening instead of twice a month as heretofore.

J. S. Thompson, the box factory man, is in the southern part of the state on a business trip, expecting to be gone about a week.

P. L. Utley of Watertown arrived in the city on Tuesday afternoon and remained here until this morning transacting some business matters.

Mrs. George Taylor left on Monday for Wyoming, where she will join her husband and remain until Mr. Taylor returns here in the spring.

John Hollmoller has a large driving mitten and an ax at his saloon which the owners may have by calling at his place and paying property.

Charles Briero is able to be about town once more and his many friends are pleased to note that he is recovering so completely from his recent illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Al. Menier leave the latter part of this week for Watertown, Wis., where they will visit for some time with Mrs. Menier's parents.

N. B. March 3d is the date. Don't buy muslin underwear until then. That is the date of the big sale at Heineman's.

Otto Bean went to Marshfield on Saturday and spent Sunday visiting with Mr. and Mrs. John Anderson of that city, returning home on Monday morning.

Joseph Fitch and Miss Harriet Whittlesey of Cranmoor were in the city last Wednesday evening to take in the Pirates of Penzance at the opera house.

Mrs. Thos. E. Mullen entertained her friends on Thursday at an afternoon tea. There was a large attendance at the function and a pleasant afternoon was had.

A number of the friends of Miss Laurie Drane surprised her on Saturday evening and spent several hours very pleasantly in playing games and other amusements.

Mrs. A. M. Muir has been quite sick at her home for some time past. She was getting somewhat better but suffered a relapse the past week and is again quite sick.

John Lowrey, the groceryman who made himself scarce some time ago, is still at large, and parties who have been looking for him are unable to discover his whereabouts.

Miss Elenore Slattery, who has been employed in Madison for some time past, returned to the city last week and has again entered the employ of H. Wipperman as stenographer.

Misses Howlett and Mellon, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Mullen for several weeks past, left on Tuesday for their respective homes in Green Bay and Peshtigo.

FOR RENT to a responsible party, a good farm near South Central. Good buildings, 30 acres under cultivation, and good hay meadow. Inquire of C. E. BOLES.

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Miss Rose McCamley has returned from the hospital at Oshkosh, where she underwent a surgical operation. Her friends will be pleased to hear that she is recovering from her trouble.

Miss Nellie Ward entertained a party of young people at Spafford's hall on Monday evening in honor of Miss Jennie Case of Necedah. The evening was spent in dancing and a very pleasant time is reported by those present.

The next visit of Dr. McEwlee's the successful Chicago specialist will be on Sat. Feb. 27 at the Witter house. No chronic sufferer should fail to get the doctor's opinion as to whether they can be cured or not. His examinations are free.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Peterson mourn the loss of their baby boy, fifteen months old, who died on Sunday of bronchitis after a short illness. The funeral occurred on Tuesday, Rev. John Greenfeldt of the Moravian church officiating.

Special one way colonist rates to the southwest on Feb. 16, March 1 and 15, the C. M. & St. Paul Ry. will sell special one way colonist tickets to all important points in Oklahoma, Indian Territory and Texas. For rates and information please call on agent of C. M. & St. Paul Ry.

Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Jackson and Miss Michaels of the training school entertained a number of their friends at the training school room on Saturday evening. Appropriate games for the occasion were played and a very pleasant evening was spent.

Herman Wachs got his hand caught in a boring machine at the MacKinnon wagon factory on Wednesday and suffered a severe laceration of the member. The wound was dressed by Dr. Hougen and it is not anticipated that he will suffer any permanent injury.

Mrs. G. R. Gardner and daughter Mabel left on Monday for Milwaukee to attend the Eastern Star convention. They were joined here by Miss Lucy Woodworth of Pittsville, who accompanied them to the Cream city to attend the convention also.

Don't forget that March 3d is the date of our great muslin underwear sale. Don't miss it. It means money saved for you. Heineman Mercantile Co.

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Joseph Fitch and Miss Harriet Whittlesey of Cranmoor were in the city last Wednesday evening to take in the Pirates of Penzance at the opera house.

Buy books at a book store — Mackey's.

Martin Heimdel bought the old elevator from the Grand Rapids Milling company last week and will remove the building from the premises in the near future. The price paid for the structure was eighty dollars. The building is constructed of timber 2x6 in dimension and contains a lot of lumber.

Mrs. B. T. Worthington was brought back from Oshkosh on Saturday evening. She had been receiving treatment in the hospital and it was expected that an operation would be performed on her but her advanced age caused the attending physician to abandon the idea. But little hope is held out for her recovery.

Louis Fournier is figuring on building a new house the coming summer, same to occupy the vacant lot alongside of the place where he now lives. The plans are not yet complete, but it is the intention to have it modern in all its equipments. Mr. Fournier will occupy the new building and rent the old one.

Any subscriber of this paper, who does not receive his copy regularly, is requested to notify this office at once and we will mail him another copy. There is more uncertainty about newspaper mail than letter mail, and there are various reasons why papers sometimes get lost. We want each subscriber to get The Tribune 52 times a year, so if you miss one, ask for it.

FOR SALE—A house and lot. House is ready for occupancy and will be sold cheap if taken soon. Located on the east side. Inquire of Mrs. F. P. Daly or J. J. Jeffrey.

Mrs. R. F. Turnell returned on Wednesday from Stevens Point where she had been visiting her parents. She was accompanied home by Miss Ollie Bentley who has since been visiting the family in this city. Ed. Rothman, brother to Mrs. Turnell, also spent several days in the city the past week the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Turnell.

Those people who are looking for a section of the country where the weather is steady during the winter months should find all they are seeking for in Wisconsin. Since the 15th of November there has been no thaw worthy the name in this locality, and there has hardly been a night when the mercury did not register somewhere between zero and forty below. Here is a steady climate for you that should satisfy the most exacting.

—All Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul papers at Mackey's. He delivers. Phone 84.

Johnson & Hill Co.

Last week the Tribune stated that the Elks were going to give up their clubroom one night each week to the ladies. This was a mistake and should have been one night each month. The first open evening occurs on Friday of this week, when the mothers, sisters, wives, daughters and sweethearts of the Elks are invited to go to the hall and make themselves at home. If the ladies are found to appreciate these open nights it is possible that the members of the lodge may decide to give them oftener.

If you intend to build the coming summer you should begin to look about for a lot. If you have to work for a living you will want a place that is within your means. Mrs. N. P. Daly has some very good lots on both sides of the river that will make excellent building sites and can be bought at a price that is within the reach of the most humble. You can buy them cheap if you buy soon.

A gang of men were put at work on the bridge on Monday and with the aid of the city roadmachine managed to scrape several inches of ice and snow off of the structure that had accumulated there. As this ice accumulates on the bridge it becomes so rough and bumpy that an ordinary corduroy road is no comparison whatever, and it is anything but pleasant to those who have to cross the bridge with a load. The weight of this ice and snow must be considerable when the length of the bridge is taken into consideration.

Pretty Miss Nellie Hascomb, Omaha: "I owe my good looks and health to Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Have fully regained my health." Tea or tablets, 35 cents at Johnson & Hill's Drug Store.

What is a good citizen? Ideas certainly differ on that subject. Here is an exchange which says a good citizen is a man who takes pride in his home town and pays his honest debts, speaks well of his neighbor, takes his home paper and pays for it, and who doesn't squeeze a twenty five cent piece until the agonized screams of the eagle can be heard a mile down the road. He will measure twelve inches to the foot every way, will bathe and change his shirt once a week and see that the woman he loves does not have to break up ash barrels for fuel.

Birds work for man from the first glimmer of light.

Rocky Mountain Tea works for mankind both day and night.

That's why it is famous the world over and o'er.

It will not let you turn over and take another snore.

Johnson &

# LEOFRIC

By MARTHA  
McCULLOCH-WILLIAMS

Copyright, 1903, by T. C. McClure

Janey Gates was the beauty of Cane Creek neighborhood. Even Sister Meakins admitted as much in spite of robust prejudice. Janey would have been like the belle if it had not been accepted as a fact ever since she put up her hair and let down her frocks that she was, in neighborhood phrase, "mortgaged property." Phil Mayben had laid claim to her when she came hardly to his elbow. He had, further, let nobody dispute the claim even after she came back from boarding school, fearfully and wonderfully accomplished.

Then he tried to take her hand. Janey withdrew it gently. "Tell me all about it," she whispered, a hovering smile about her lips. Trabue bent to her ear and said hurriedly, "You must not mention it sweetheart, but I am Leofric—Leofric, who wrote desolate and despairing things because you refused him."

"Indeed!" Janey said, getting up from her mossy rock to slip past him. Then, over his shoulder, she added: "You will please wait until afternoon for your answer. I must go help about the dinner."

Dinner was so fine a feast Lawyer Murdock declared he felt more than paid for his long drive out from town. He was Squire Gates' man of business and Janey's sworn friend. Therefore nobody wondered at their confidential talk aside, and even Phil Mayben smiled approval when the lawyer kissed Janey in greeting. But be sure there was a stir as Lawyer Murdock pulled Janey to the middle of the crowd, raised his voice and said, with twinkling eyes: "Ladies and gentlemen, I like unmasking humbugs, so permit me to present to you Leofric, the poetess of Cane Creek. Don't remember it against her that she is a poetess—it's all the fault of that scoundrel, Phil Mayben!"

"It won't be any longer, Mr. Murdock," Phil said, bursting through the crowd to catch Janey in his arms and hide her blushes in his breast. "I know I've been seven kinds of a fool," he went on. "I don't deserve Janey—nobody does, for that matter—but I'm going to have her or die trying."

"You've got her," Lawyer Murdock said, wringing Phil's hand. Dora Meakins turned her back and went off with her head high, but Mr. Leonard Trabue stayed not on the order of his going.

Nobody in Cane Creek neighborhood ever saw him again.

#### A Glimpse of Sofia.

In his book on "Cities" Arthur Symons writes of the capital of Bulgaria: "There is something dry, hot and fierce in Sofia which is at once ordinary, sordid and almost startling. The houses are for the most part such houses as one might see in any small town in any country, but at a corner on the main street there is a mosque and around the mosque something like a village fair. Wooden booths are set up at each side of the street, wooden pallings surround empty spaces or open upon cafés in which trees grow or upon one story houses or upon a little wooden theater. Money changers, with their glass cases of gold and silver coins and coin carriages and rugs outside their shop windows, suggest already the scrubs of Constantinople. At upper windows above the shops you see men working sewing machines; at the edges of the pavement little dark bootblacks, Kurs, sit with their wooden blocks before them. Men pass selling water, grapes and nuts. A woman passes and then another, carrying a huge dark green melon in her arms solemnly, like a royal orb."

#### The Whisper Court.

At Rochford, Essex, England, the whisper court is a strange observance held annually under the superintendence of the steward of the manor. The business of the court is carried out at midnight in the open air. The absence of a tenant is punishable by a fine of double his rent for each hour he fails to be in attendance. No artificial light, except a firebrand, is permitted, and the proceedings are recorded by means of one of the embers of the brand. The roll of fourteen tenants is then called over and answered to in a whisper, and then they kneel down and swear allegiance. Very many years ago the lord of the manor, after an absence from his estate, was returning home by night. On the way he accidentally heard some of his discontented tenantry plotting his assassination. Thus warned, he returned home by an unexpected route. Then he ordered that each year his tenants should assemble at the same time to do him homage around a post which he erected on the spot where the plotters met.

#### Salad of the Shoe.

Freshmen have troubles the world over. The "conservs," as they are called at the famous Ecole Polytechnique in Paris, are subjected to an amusing initiation called the salad of shoes.

The freshmen report some days before the upper class men so that they can receive their uniforms and become familiar with the routine of the school.

The first morning after their tormentors return the freshmen are aroused by a demand that they throw their shoes out of the windows into the courtyard. The shoes are gathered into a heap, and, kneeling in a big circle around this, the freshmen are obliged to go through some ridiculous gymnastic movements at the command of their superiors.

When the study bell rings they have but a minute to appear in the classrooms, and it is a strenuous minute around that pile of shoes.

#### A NEW HEADACHE CURE.

*Portable Refrigerating Plant to Cool Superheated Blood.*

No matter whether a man was out all night the night before, has strained his eyes or eaten something which does not agree with him, the resulting headache incapacitates him for duty of any sort which requires him to use his brain to any great extent. Every one has his favorite remedy, and after the affliction has been cured or outwardly it is soon forgotten, and the man will "repeat the dose" when the next opportunity offers. Of course the best kind of a cure is the prevention of the cause, but since the preaching of this doctrine is not often carried out in practice we give our readers the benefit of what we have done.

Then he tried to take her hand. Janey withdrew it gently. "Tell me all about it," she whispered, a smiling smile about her lips. Trabue bent to her ear and said hurriedly, "You must not mention it sweetheart, but I am Leofric—Leofric, who wrote desolate and despairing things because you refused him."

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#### EDISON'S LATEST MIRACLE.

*The Problem of Cheap Generation of Electricity Solved.*

Mr. Edison is not given to making startling promises which do not result in performance, so that his claim of having at last solved the problem of generating electricity at a trifling cost for common use may be accepted as the announcement of an accomplished fact, says Harper's Weekly. And such a fact is little less than a miracle, for it means the production at will of an almost limitless and widely adaptable power.

The electrical generator which Mr. Edison has perfected after years of toil derives its power from a so-called fuel of marvelous potency. It will make it possible for the day laborer as well as the millionaire to light his home with electricity and have some sort of a motor vehicle. For a few cents a day light and power may be produced in sufficient quantities to supply the needs of any family, and the generator is so simple that any person of ordinary intelligence can act as engineer.

In the Inventor's own words, "You can wire your house for electric lights, telephones from room to room, or for anything electricity will do, and the batteries in your automobile will operate them."

"The cost is so trifling after you are provided with your plant that it is not worth mentioning." It has always been my ambition to bring the uses of electricity within the reach of men of moderate means."

Mr. Edison warns the public that there is yet much work to be done before the harvest he has sown can be reaped. But the invention is perfected, and the problem of cheap electrical generation is definitely solved.

#### Renovating Old Paper.

With the growing scarcity of good material for the making of paper on which to print the enormous editions of the daily newspapers of the world and for all the various other uses to which paper is applied, it is encouraging to learn that a process has been discovered by which old newspapers, magazines, etc., can be rejuvenated and converted into paper suitable for publishing purposes once more. The old paper is put through a heating process and then treated with a preparation costing from \$1.25 to \$1.50 a ton, which lifts the ink from the paper, leaving it as white as when it was delivered from the mills the first time. Enough paper has already been run off to be used in several newspaper offices, so the enterprise seems destined to succeed.

#### Metals Live and Die.

A distinguished Hindoo scientist, Jagadis Chander Bose, professor of science in the Calcutta university, lately published a book in which he asserts that the true test of life in an object is its capacity to respond to external stimuli—in other words, its irritability or sensitiveness—and he claims to prove that, according to this test, there is no essential difference between animals and metals—that a bar of iron, in fact, is as irritable and sensitive as the human body. Further, he says a bar of iron can be killed—that is, deprived of its sensitiveness forever, just as an animal organism can be killed.

When the study bell rings they have but a minute to appear in the classrooms, and it is a strenuous minute around that pile of shoes.

#### The SPORTING WORLD

*English Fighters Coming to America.*

Jabez White, lightweight champion of England, and Owen Moore, a 118 pound fighter from the other side, are reported as about ready to start for America. Charley Mitchell has been

#### MARKET REPORT.

The following are the market prices

of produce in the city of Grand Rapids, corrected on the day of publication:

Potatoes, \$ bushel.....	8.70
Wheat, No. 2, \$ bushel.....	6.50
Rye, \$ bushel.....	4.50
Oats, \$ bushel.....	2.50
Corn, shelled, \$ 100 lbs.....	1.00
Hay, marsh, \$ ton.....	6.00
Hay, timothy, \$ ton.....	9.00 to 10.00
Eggs, \$ dozen.....	.25
Butter, \$ lb.....	1.15 to 1.20
Beans, \$ bushel.....	1.25 to 1.35
Peanuts, \$ bushel.....	1.25
Onions, \$ bushel.....	.25
Beef, live, \$ 100 lbs.....	\$2.00 to \$3.50
Beef, dressed, \$ 100 lbs.....	\$3.00 to \$6.00
Pork, live.....	4.50
Pork, dressed.....	6.00
Veal, live, \$ bushel.....	.04
Veal, dressed, \$ bushel.....	.04 to .05
Chickens, live, \$ bushel.....	.60 to .75
Chickens, dressed, \$ bushel.....	.75
Turkeys, live, \$ bushel.....	.15
Turkeys, dressed, \$ bushel.....	.15 to .18
Flour, patent, \$ bushel.....	.40
Feed, \$ ton.....	22.50
Middlings, \$ ton.....	19.50
Bran, \$ ton.....	10.50
Bolted Corn Meal, \$ bushel.....	3.75
Lard, \$ bushel.....	.31
Whole Hams, \$ bushel.....	.32
Mess Pork, \$ bushel.....	15.50

#### Escaped an Awful Fate.

Mr. H. Higgins of Melbourne, Fla., writes, "My doctor told me I had Consumption and nothing could be done for me. I was given up to die. The offer of a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption induced me to try it. Results were startling. I am now on the road to recovery and owe all to Dr. King's New Discovery. It surely saved my life." This great cure is guaranteed for all throat and lung diseases by John E. Daly Druggists. Prices 50c and \$1.00. Trial Bottles free.

#### Clubs Where Members Talk Much.

Clubs where the members talk much are generally to be avoided. Talk makes mischief. There are one or two rather well known literary and professional clubs in London, where members are freely introduced and personal gossip the fashion, which have been pronounced too dangerous to be used by some of those who, for old association's sake, still keep their names upon the books.—English Country Gentleman.

#### Better Than Gold.

I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run-down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by John E. Daly.

#### 11-11 Summons.

State of Wisconsin—Wood County—In Circuit Court.

Mailda Smith, vs. Plaintiff, Summons.

Eugene W. Smith, Defendant, Plaintiff.

The State of Wisconsin to the said Plaintiff:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of time of service, and defend the plaintiff's action in the court aforementioned, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

John E. Conway, Plaintiff's Attorney, n. O. address, Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin.

#### 1-20-5w Claims of Creditors.

Wood County Court—In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of George Elmore Hutchinson, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of said George Elmore Hutchinson, deceased, having been granted and issued by the Probate Court on the 1st day of January, 1904, it is now in this special term of this court.

Ordered, That all creditors of said George Elmore Hutchinson deceased, do present their claim on or before the 1st day of April, 1904, and if no claim be filed on or before that date, the same will be deemed to be allowed and will be paid.

Ordered further, That the claims and demands of all persons against said deceased be presented to, received, examined and adjusted at this court at the regular term thereof at the probate office in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, on the first Tuesday, beginning the 2d day of September, 1904, and ending the 6th day of September, 1904.

And it is further Ordered, That notice of this order and of the time limited for creditors to present their claims, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice for four successive weeks in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a weekly newspaper published in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, the first publication to be within ten days from the date of the order.

Dated at Grand Rapids, Wis., Jan. 19, 1904.  
W. J. CONWAY,  
County Judge.

#### 1-20-4w Claims of Creditors.

Wood County Court—In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Salem Gokey deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of said Salem Gokey, deceased, having been granted and issued to Jasper Croteau on the 12th day of January, 1904; it is now at this special term of this court.

Ordered, that all creditors of said Salem Gokey, deceased, do present their claims for payment and allowance to this Court on or before the 6th day of September, 1904, which time is hereby allowed and limited for that purpose.

Ordered further, that the claims and demands of all persons against said deceased be presented to, received, examined and adjusted by this court at the regular September term thereof to be held at the probate office in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, on the first Tuesday, beginning the 6th day of September, 1904. And it is further ordered, That notice of this order and of the time limited for creditors to present their claims, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice for four successive weeks in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a weekly newspaper published in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, the first publication to be within ten days from the date of the order.

Dated at Grand Rapids, Wis., Jan. 19, 1904.  
W. J. CONWAY,  
County Judge.

#### 1-20-3w Foreign Racing Cars Coming.

Not less than a dozen powerful foreign racing cars of the most pronounced and approved racing type will be imported to America for next season's automobile racing circuit.

The many friends of G. H. Haussan, engineer L. E. & W. R. R., at present living in Lima, O., will be pleased to know of his recovery from threatened kidney disease. He writes: "I was cured by using Foley's Kidney Cure, which I recommend to all, especially trainmen who are usually similarly afflicted." Sold by Johnson & Hill Co.

**Mysterious Circumstances.**  
One was pale and sallow and thin. Whence the difference? She was blushing with health uses Dr. King's New Life Pills to maintain it. By gently arousing the lazy organs they compel good digestion and head off constipation. Try them. Only 25c, at John E. Daly Druggist.

#### THE WIPPERMAN LAND AGENCY

Has the Largest list of the Best properties, at the Lowest prices, on the Easiest terms.

Office over Wood County National Bank  
Grand Rapids, Wis

#### CITY MEAT MARKET!

Fresh, Salt and Smoked

#### MEATS.

All kinds

# OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

## LEGISLATIVE.

*Senator*—H. C. Wippnerman.

*Assemblyman*—F. A. Gandy.

## JUDICIAL.

*Circuit Judge*—Chas. M. Webb.

*County Judge*—W. J. Conaway.

## COUNTY OFFICERS.

*Clark*—E. S. Reamy.

*Treasurer*—J. C. Schulte.

*Register*—F. P. Bishop.

*Deputy Attorney*—T. W. Hazeau.

*Clerk of Court*—C. A. Podawitz.

*Sheriff*—J. J. Eble.

*Coroner*—Jacob Lisch.

*Surveyor*—Luke W. Pitts.

*Superintendent*—Robert Morris.

## CITY OFFICERS.

*Mayors*—W. E. Whelan.

*Clerk*—M. G. Gordon.

*Treasurer*—M. W. Mueller.

*Assessor*—W. H. Hodges.

*Surveyor*—John Buron L. Brown.

*Chief of Police*—John Gartlie.

*Engineer*—E. L. Phillips.

## CIVIC SOCIETIES.

*A. P. & A. M.*—Dr. D. A. Teller, W. M.; W. A. Brazeau, secretary. Meets the first and third Wednesday at 8 o'clock in the Gardner block.

*E. O. F.*—A. W. Gitchell, N. G.; H. Thun, secretary. Meets every first and third Thursday of each month at 8 o'clock in the Gardner block.

*Eastern Star*—Mrs. George K. Gardner, W. M.; Mrs. Wm. Brazeau, secretary. Meets the second and fourth Wednesday in the Gardner block.

*Rebellen Lodge*—Mrs. L. Schmittauer, N. G.; Mrs. Brazeau, clerk, secretary. Meets the second and fourth Wednesday at 8 o'clock in the Gardner block.

*Woodmen of the World*—M. E. Pillar, commander; J. A. Stahl, clerk. Meets the second and fourth Tuesday at 8 o'clock in Natwick's hall.

*Modern Woodmen*—George J. Leonard, V. G.; H. C. Timm, clerk. Meets the second and fourth Thursday at 8 o'clock in Natwick's hall.

*Woman's Relief Corps*—Mrs. Josephine Baum, president; Mrs. Josephine Baum, secretary. Meets the second and fourth Thursday at 8 o'clock in Natwick's hall.

*Catholic Knights*—Patrick Mulvey, president; J. E. Ryan, secretary. Meets the first Sunday of every month at 8 o'clock p.m. in McNeil's hall.

*Catholic Foresters*—Dr. F. Pannaville, chief ranger; J. E. Schubert, secretary. Meets the first Friday at 8 o'clock p.m., and the third Sunday at 2 o'clock p.m. in McNeil's hall.

*Modern Woodmen*—George J. Leonard, V. G.; H. C. Timm, clerk. Meets the second and fourth Thursday at 8 o'clock in Natwick's hall.

*Women's Relief Corps*—Mrs. Josephine Baum, president; Mrs. Josephine Baum, secretary. Meets the second and fourth Thursday at 8 o'clock in Natwick's hall.

*Knights of Columbus*—Dr. F. Pannaville, chief ranger; J. E. Schubert, secretary. Meets the first and third Saturday at 8 o'clock in the Gardner block.

*E. P. L.*—Joe Boggs, president; H. C. Gleis, secretary. Meets the first and third Tuesday at 8 o'clock in Natwick's hall.

*N. E. L.*—V. P. Norton, counselor; P. A. Stamm, secretary. Meets the first and third Friday at 8 o'clock in Natwick's hall.

*H. P. G.*—W. A. Drumm, exalted ruler; Sam Church, secretary. Meets every second and fourth Tuesday of each month in the Wood block.

*Baptist*—W. E. Whelan, worthy president; G. F. Fritzsche, secretary. Meets every Thursday at 8 o'clock over Spofford's store.

*Baptist Neighbors*—Mrs. Clara Odell, recorder; Mrs. Clara Odell, secretary. Meets the second and fourth Tuesday afternoon at Natwick's hall.

*Woodmen Ladies Circle*—Mrs. Jeannie Prouty, guardian; Mrs. Louise Kruger, clerk. Meets the second and fourth Saturday at 8 o'clock in Natwick's hall.

*H. A. A.*—Dr. J. J. Lowe, president; Frank Abel, secretary. Meets every first and third Saturday evening.

*Ladies of the Masters of the World*—Irenie Richter, secretary; Lady Commander; Minnie Parmentier, record keeper. Meets 1st and 3rd Wednesday evening of the month.

*K. O. T. M. Of the World*—D. A. Hannon, commander; Will Slingerland, R. K. Meets every second and fourth Wednesday in the month in Natwick's hall.

*Mystic Workers*—O. Mikkelson, worthy president; Anna Berg, worthy secretary. Meets first and third Thursday evening in Natwick's hall.

## CHURCH SERVICES.

*St. John's*—Prayer service, Grand Rapids, west side of the church Sunday at 8 a.m., also on Wednesdays, noon and other special days at same hour. The first Sunday monthly.

*Methodist Church*—Sunday school at 9:30 a.m.; morning service at 10:30; Junior League at 4 p.m.; Boy Scout League at 6:30; evening service at 7:30. Weekly prayer meeting, 7:30 Thursday evenings. W. A. Tucson pastor.

*St. Peter and Paul's Church*—Services at 8 a.m. and 10 o'clock on Sunday mornings. Vespers at 7:30 o'clock p.m. Rev. Father Van Hoorn, pastor.

*German Moravian Church*—Sunday school at 9:30 morning service at 10:30; evening service at 7:30. Y. P. S. C. R. every evening. Ladies Aid society meets the first Wednesday of every month at the church. G. A. Melbeck, pastor.

*German Lutheran Church*—Morning service at 10 o'clock; rehearsal of eucharist at 11:30 to 12:30; German school during the week days. J. E. Bitter, pastor.

*Scandinavian Moravian Church*—Sunday school at 9:30; morning service at 10:30. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30. John Gronlund, pastor.

*St. Paul German Lutheran Church*—Sunday morning service at 10 o'clock. Gustave Baum, pastor.

*Baptist Church*—Assembly room in Wood block at east end of bridge. Sunday Morning worship service, 7:30; Bible school at noon. Mid-week prayer meeting Thursday evening, 7:30. The public is most cordially invited to all these services. A. Lincoln Putnam, pastor.

*Christian Science Church*—Regular Sunday service at 10:30 a.m. Sunday school at 10:30 a.m. Wednesday evening meetings will be held at 7:30. Bertha Karpin, clerk.

*Special Reduced Excursion Rates*

Will be in effect from all points on the Chicago & North-Western Railway for the occasions named below:

Los Angeles, beginning May 3d, General Conference Methodist Episcopal church.

San Francisco, May 3d to 8th, Retail grocers' National Association.

San Francisco, Sept. 5th to 9th, Triennial Conclave Knights Templar.

San Francisco, Sept. 19th to 25th, Sovereign Lodge I. O. O. F.

For information as to rates, dates of sale, etc., of these or other occasions, call upon the ticket agent of the North-western line.

## Green Bay & Western Ry.

### GOING EAST.

No. 4 freight departs ..... 5:00 a.m.  
No. 4 passenger departs ..... 6:40 a.m.  
No. 2 passenger departs ..... 6:42 a.m.  
No. 10 freight arrives ..... 6:15 p.m.  
No. 2 freight departs ..... 4:00 p.m.  
No. 8 passenger departs ..... 10:42 a.m.  
No. 7 freight arrives ..... 5:30 p.m.  
Tickets on sale for all points in the United States and Canada. Baggage checked through. A. D. Hill, Local Agent.

## Chicago & Northwestern Ry.

### GOING NORTHWEST.

No. 17 leaves Chicago ..... 3:00 a.m.  
No. 17 leaves Milwaukee ..... 7:30 a.m.  
No. 17 arrives Grand Rapids ..... 1:15 p.m.  
No. 9 leaves Chicago ..... 3:00 a.m.  
No. 9 arrives Milwaukee ..... 10:42 a.m.  
No. 11 leaves Chicago ..... 2:00 p.m.  
No. 11 arrives Milwaukee ..... 7:00 p.m.  
No. 26 arrives Grand Rapids ..... 1:10 p.m.  
No. 26 leaves Milwaukee ..... 5:15 a.m.  
No. 10 leaves Grand Rapids ..... 5:15 a.m.  
No. 10 arrives Milwaukee ..... 10:42 a.m.  
No. 10 arrives Chicago ..... 1:15 p.m.  
No. 14 leaves Milwaukee ..... 5:15 a.m.  
No. 14 arrives Chicago ..... 4:20 p.m.  
No. 16 leaves Milwaukee ..... 7:00 p.m.  
No. 16 arrives Chicago ..... 3:00 p.m.  
No. 43 leaves Grand Rapids ..... 4:21 p.m.  
No. 43 arrives Milwaukee ..... 8:30 p.m.

### GOING SOUTHEAST.

No. 10 leaves Grand Rapids ..... 5:15 a.m.  
No. 10 arrives Milwaukee ..... 10:42 a.m.  
No. 10 arrives Chicago ..... 1:15 p.m.

### NEKOOSA BRANCH.

#### SOUTH BOUND.

Leave Grand Rapids ..... 7:15 a.m.  
Arrive Nekoosa ..... 8:10 a.m.  
Leave Nekoosa ..... 1:50 p.m.

#### NORTH BOUND.

Leave Nekoosa ..... 10:10 a.m.  
Arrive Grand Rapids ..... 12:40 p.m.  
Tickets on sale for all points in the United States and Canada. Baggage checked through. J. E. WILLARD, Agent.

## Wisconsin Central Line.

### SOUTH BOUND.

Arrive Marshfield ..... 2:20 p.m.  
Leave Grand Rapids ..... 3:20 p.m.  
Arrive Milwaukee ..... 5:30 p.m.  
Arrive Appleton ..... 7:30 p.m.  
Arrive Winona ..... 10:25 p.m.  
Arrive Chippewa Falls ..... 11:30 p.m.  
Arrive Ashland ..... 4:30 p.m.  
Arrive Duluth ..... 4:30 p.m.

### NORTH BOUND.

Leave Grand Rapids ..... 9:36 a.m.  
Arrive Marshfield ..... 10:36 a.m.  
Arrive Milwaukee ..... 1:15 p.m.  
Arrive Chippewa Falls ..... 1:15 p.m.  
Arrive Winona ..... 2:20 p.m.  
Arrive Appleton ..... 3:20 p.m.  
Arrive Duluth ..... 4:30 p.m.

### NEKOOSA TRAIL.

#### GOTO NORTH.

Grand Rapids ..... 9:36 a.m.  
South Central ..... 9:36 a.m.  
Port Edwards ..... 9:25 a.m.  
Nekoosa ..... 9:15 a.m.  
Leave Nekoosa ..... 1:40 p.m.  
Arrive Grand Rapids ..... 3:25 p.m.  
Arrive South Central ..... 3:20 p.m.  
Arrive Port Edwards ..... 3:15 p.m.  
Arrive Nekoosa ..... 3:40 p.m.

### GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 passenger, daily, except Sunday 7:30 a.m.  
No. 3 passenger, daily, except Sunday 11:45 a.m.  
No. 25 passenger, Sunday only ..... 12:30 p.m.  
No. 32 freight ..... 12:30 p.m.

## Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

### GOING NORTH.

No. 3 passenger, daily, except Sunday 7:30 a.m.  
No. 3 passenger, daily, except Sunday 11:45 a.m.  
No. 25 passenger, Sunday only ..... 12:30 p.m.

### GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 passenger, daily, except Sunday 12:30 p.m.  
No. 3 passenger, daily, except Sunday 11:45 a.m.  
No. 32 freight ..... 12:30 p.m.

### OUR ATMOSPHERE.

#### The Distance to Which It Extends Above the Earth's Surface.

One of the many uncertain elements in meteorology is the height to which the earth's atmosphere extends. In former days it was taught somewhat dogmatically that a height exceeding forty-five miles was unthinkable for a gas constituted as the air is. This belief was shaken by calculations respecting the altitude of meteors, which became incandescent by collision with our atmospheric envelope and were certainly rendered visible in this way at altitudes of over seventy miles. Professor Newcomb deduced from the meteor shower of Nov. 13, 1867, that the air must reach to 100 or 110 miles from the earth's surface. Dr. T. J. See of Washington essayed to determine the problem by watching the disappearance of blue sky after sunset. Accepting Lord Rayleigh's theory that the blue color of the sky is due to reflection of sunlight from minute particles of oxygen and nitrogen in the upper layers of the atmosphere, Dr. See on a series of evenings traced with the eye "the last footsteps of departing day" by the evanishment of the final trace of blue in the firmament. He then computed from the data of the Nautical Almanac and the position of the sun at the time, and a simple calculation in spherical trigonometry gave the approximate height of the reflecting layer. The mean of several observations is 131 miles.

### Salt and Ice.

Does salt melt ice? In this question there is but a half truth suggested, since salt no more melts ice than ice melts salt. Heat is the unifying agent whereby a body passes from a solid to a liquid state. It has been well known, however, for centuries that certain solid bodies when brought together (as here, salt and ice) have such a chemical affinity for one another, i.e., their tendency to combine and melt is so great—that heat is drawn from all surrounding sources as well as from the store latent in these substances themselves.

When this is the case they become chilled and make a freezing mixture, the temperature dropping till the heat drawn from the two sources—external and internal—is sufficient to keep pace with the rate of melting.

Fahrenheit in 1762 made use of this very melting mixture when he thought was absolute cold, thereby marking the freezing point on his thermometer at 32 degrees.—*London Globe*.

### What Are They?

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. A new remedy for stomach troubles; biliousness, and constipation. Otto's Pharmacy.

## FOR THE CHILDREN

### Ink and Water Trick.

Here is favorite trick explained. It is merely a simple chemical action, but if the trick is carefully performed a good deal can be made out of it. Take two large glasses and fill one with the solution representing ink and the other with the solution representing water. Then cover these two glasses with colored handkerchiefs, and taking a pistol and firing it, command the ink and water to change places. On lifting the handkerchiefs it is found that this has been done, and the glass containing water now holds ink, and vice versa.

This chemical change can be brought about in several different ways, but one, the best, is as follows:

Fill both the glasses with ordinary water, adding to one a small quantity of granulated sulphate of iron, together with a very small quantity of tannin. This forms the ink.

In the other glass dissolve a small quantity of the granulated sulphate of iron only. This will leave a perfectly transparent liquid resembling water.

The trick is now ready to be performed, and all the performer has to do is to drop a pinch of tannin in the liquid resembling water while he is covering the glass with the colored handkerchiefs and a pinch of powdered oxalic acid into the liquid resembling the ink.

The performer should contrive to give both glasses a shake if possible and to leave them covered up for a few seconds to allow the chemical change to work.

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## BABCOCK.

The people of Babcock are enjoying a continual round of pleasure these cold days and evenings. In the afternoon the ladies with those gentlemen who are at liberty go to the town hall and indulge in dancing to dance, and in the evening they go down again and practice over what they learned in the afternoon. Their music is always an organ but sometimes it is an organ, violin and mouth organ. It won't be but a little while until the class has grown to such a size that there will be need of a larger building and a full fledged orchestra.

The dance given under the management of the Workmen's Lodge on last Friday evening was not as largely attended as had been expected owing to the extremely cold weather. The music was furnished by the High School orchestra of Grand Rapids.

Miss Mae Lumbard gave a grab bag dancing party in the new town hall on Monday evening to her friends, it was a very enjoyable affair and gave entire satisfaction to all who were fortunate enough to get an invitation.

Clarence Tubbs of Meadow Valley and Steven Hoppes, Leo Daniels, Orra Nisson of Daly were in attendance at the grab bag party on Monday evening.

It will be a pleasant surprise to persons who are subject to attacks of blisters and sick headache to learn that prompt relief and a certain cure may be had by taking Re-Go Tonic Laxative Syrup. In many cases the attack may be wholly prevented by taking two doses of Re-Go as soon as the first symptoms of the trouble appear. Re-Go is a pleasant liquid medicine, sold in 25c, 50c and \$1.00 bottles, and is an ideal tonic and laxative for delicate women and children. Sam Church and John Daly Druggist.

## RUDOLPH.

Miss Elvira Slattery who has been employed at Madison the past few months has realized her position and returned to Grand Rapids and is again in the employ of H. Whipperman as stenographer.

W. F. Morsch commenced teaching school in Dist. No. 6, in the town of Carson last week.

Mrs. Odell and daughter of Grand Rapids were guests at the Joe Duncan home last week.

Miss Minnie Scott is reported to be seriously ill at her home.

Geo. Elliott has been on the sick list the past two weeks.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Neil Kateson last week.

Adolph Johnson is at present engaged in peddling fish.

A. H. Trotter recently purchased a fine span of horses.

Joe Duncan lost a valuable cow last week.

S. W. Kerr, a prominent business man of Hurricane, Wis., says, "Your cough medicine, Harts' Honey and Horhound, is a good seller and seems to give excellent satisfaction." Harts' Honey and Horhound contains no opium or other stupefying drugs and is the best medicine in existence today for Croup and Whooping Cough and the only safe one to give to small children. 25c, 50c and \$1.00 bottles. Sam Churchill and John E. Daly Druggist.

## SIGEL.

Frank Oleson of Millotte, South Dakota, is guest of his friend, Chas. Ecklund. Mr. Oleson lived in Grand Rapids some 10 years ago.

The Farmers interested in delivering milk to the skimming station at Fred Schultz had a meeting one day last week.

Charles Knuth had the misfortune to burn his fur coat quite badly at the Kellner sawmill.

The German Lutheran school is closed on account of the ill health of the minister.

Frank Brostowitz has the machinery on the ground for his new saw mill.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Kunath are happy over the arrival of a baby daughter.

Frank Kobs is having the timber and lumber sawed for a new barn.

Charles Kunath is making preparations to build a new barn.

Miss Maggie Schuetz was on the sick list during the week.

Norman Olki was sick with the grip a few days last week.

Peter Schultz was a school visitor on Thursday last.

The water in many of our wells is quite low.

Anos Davis has withdrawn from school.

Henry Kimmie has nearly recovered.

## When You Have a Cold.

The first action when you have a cold should be to relieve the lungs. This is best accomplished by the free use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This Remedy liquefies the tough mucus and causes its expulsion from the air cells of the lungs, produces a free expectoration, and opens the secretion. A complete cure soon follows. This remedy will cure a severe cold in less time than any other treatment and it leaves the system in a natural and healthy condition. It counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia. Otto's Pharmacy.

## ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

It isn't how much cold cream a woman puts on her face but how much Rocky Mountain Tea she takes inside that brings out real beauty. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea complextions stay 35 cents. Tea or tablets. Johnson & Hill Co.

Elbert Kellogg was up from Neosho to spend Sunday with his parents in this city. Elbert has been having trouble with one of his eyes that was injured in a football game three years ago and it was found necessary to remove the eyeball in order to avoid further trouble in the matter.

—How is your watch? If it isn't performing its duty, bring it to me and have the faults corrected. I repair watches with a skill only to be attained by years of practical experience. W. G. Scott, west side.

The cut of pulpwood in the forests in the Lake Superior district on the American side this winter will be twenty-five times as great as it was last winter and three times larger than in any preceding year. It will amount to not less than 125,000,000 cords. More than 750 men will be employed in the camps all winter. About 15,000,000 cords will be shipped by rail, as much of the cut goes to mills in Wisconsin and Illinois while large quantities will go to water ports on Lake Erie. On the Canadian side of the lake the winter's cut will be over 30,000,000, all of which will be moved out by water in the spring.—Hurley Miner.

—Good residence lots with good water, dry collars, level, on top of sandy hill, near foot of High street, at \$15 to \$20. Payable out or before five years at 7 per cent. Inquire of George N. Wood at the Dixon hotel.

Marshall News: The Second Regiment band is considering the choice of a leader and have several good men in view who are willing to come to take the position. Recently Prof. F. L. Bliss, of Portage, voluntarily came here to prove his ability as director. He is a fine cornetist for both orchestra and band work, is familiar with all the maneuvers at camp having played with Dunn's Third Regiment band for several years. The members of the local organization were very favorably impressed with him and he may be selected, but other leaders will be given a chance to show what they can do before a contract is entered into. A musician will be here from St. Paul next Tuesday evening to be given a trial.

—Cheap jewelry is the most costly. I try to give 100 cents of value for every dollar spent with me. Not how little, but how much I can give for your money, is my endeavor. W. G. Scott, west side.

—Office, school and library supplies at Mackey's.

## WHITE HOUSE STABLES.

The First of Them Was Destroyed by the British Troops.

The original White House stable was located about sixty yards south of the White House, in which are now the private grounds of the executive mansion, and was the first thing destroyed when the British captured the White House during the war of 1812. Presidents Monroe and Adams kept their horses at a livery stable, and when General Jackson came to the White House he had a stable built at a point some distance from the presidential mansion. This stable was also used for a time by President Van Buren, but later he boarded his horses at a livery stable.

President Pierce kept his horses in a stable which was erected in the White House grounds at a point comparatively but a short distance from the mansion itself. When President Buchanan came to the White House he had the stable enlarged, and it was again enlarged for President Lincoln, who kept a large number of horses. President Johnson also made use of this stable for his horses and carriages. Up to Lincoln's time there was no water in the stable, save the limited supply obtained from a small well, and it was customary to take the White House horses to the Potomac river, fully half a mile distant, in order that they might be watered, and frequently the White House carriages were taken thither to be washed.—Outdoor Sport.

A Senatorial Trif.

Senator Reagan of Texas when he was in the senate was one of the men who strongly objected to being interrupted. On one occasion Henry W. Blair, then a senator from New Hampshire, tried to ask Reagan a question during the latter's speech. "I do not want to be interrupted," said Reagan, "but I will listen to a question."

"It is not exactly a question, but a statement," said Blair.

"Then I refuse to yield," said Reagan.

"Well, the senator has missed an opportunity of greatly improving his speech," remarked Blair as he ambled toward the cloakroom.

A Bad Time to Confess.

"Hero," according to the Warrensburg (Mo.) Journal-Democrat, "is the way a Benton county man confessed at a revival! He had been pressed to repeat and finally got up and said, 'Dear friends, I feel the spirit moving in me to talk and tell what a bad man I have been, but I can't do it while the grand jury is in session.' The Lord will forgive!" shouted the preacher. "I guess that's right," said the penitent, "but he ain't on the grand jury."

## BARN MANURE.

How It Is Valued and Handled in Various Parts of the Country.

There are still extensive regions in the United States where barn manure is considered a farm nuisance. In a county in Oregon the neighbor is welcome to haul away this manure, and that neighbor is likely to be a thrifty German with a large garden. In other Oregon counties the manure is burned. In California the manure is dumped into the ravines. It goes to the creek in Oklahoma. It is hauled to a hole in the ground or put on one side of the field in Kansas. South Dakota farmers burn it to rid of it and sometimes burn it for fuel. In North Dakota farmers haul barn manure to piles and leave it there until it disappears. Farmers in Missouri deposit it by the roadside, and in Idaho scrapers are used, and it is often seen piled up as high as a barn."

In many counties between the Mississippi river and the Pacific ocean farmers not only find barn manure a nuisance, but they have a grievance against it, claiming in South Dakota that it produces dog fennel, elsewhere that it produces other weeds and in various counties that it has such an effect of "poisoning" the soil that farmers are afraid of it. The owner of a large California wheat ranch required a tenant last year to spread the barn manure of the ranch upon the wheat land, but the tenant, after doing so, set fire to the stubble and burned the manure.

In semi-arid regions barn manure needs to be used cautiously on unirrigated land. In the wheat lands of California it is more or less visible for four or five years after its application to the land. The practice of 200 years ago survives in some parts of the south; cattle are penned upon the land to increase its fertility, and the pen is shifted as the owner desires.

In a large portion of the north central states barn manure is removed to prevent accumulation and deposited upon the fields throughout the winter to be plowed under in the spring. In the east it is allowed to accumulate until spring, when it is deposited upon the land just before plowing. The use of this fertilizer for top dressing grass land is very common throughout the principal portion of the United States wherever it is used in considerable quantities.

Barn manure is more generally applied to corn than to any other crop, although a liberal application of it is made to tobacco, potatoes and vegetables. Commercial fertilizer is liberally used in cotton production, in the more intensive agriculture of fruit and vegetable raising and in growing small grains, to which it is applied with a seeder at time of seeding.

The use of barn manure is greatest in the east, while commercial fertilizers have the greatest use in the cotton belt. The use of any kind of barn or commercial fertilizer is more and more sporadic westward from Indiana, and commercial fertilizer is hardly anywhere seen west of the Mississippi river except on vegetable and fruit farms.

—G. K. Holmes.

## The Strings of your Heart

And the strings of your purse work in unison, both will loosen up when you see what values we will offer you on

## March 3rd at our Large MUSLIN UNDERWEAR SALE.

Everything we offer to our patrons during this sale will be fresh and new, of A No. 1 quality and the best money can buy. This for less money than you ever saw the same goods sold for before or perhaps ever will again. If you miss it you pass a golden opportunity to save money for yourself. This sale will be conducted by Mr. Dyer, an expert in the business. We will name prices and description of goods soon as they come.

## HEINEMAN MERCANTILE COMPANY.

## REDUCTION SALE OF HARDWARE!

We are going to build in the spring a three-story brick block in the rear of our store and we want room and money, especially money; consequently we are going to try and reduce our mammoth stock of shelf and hardware, farming implements, vehicles, sewing machines, etc., in fact we are making a deep cut in our entire stock.

## Sale Continued to March 1st

### Stoves and Ranges.

There will be 150 ranges, cook stoves and heaters in this sale:

Bement steel range formerly \$50. .45

Garland's \$45 now.....41

Bement and Garland Cast

Ranges \$38 now.....34

Round Oak Heaters \$16 now....14.40

Trilby Heaters \$12 now....10.80

Youkon Heaters \$9 now....8.10

The Favorite and Garlad coal

stoves \$45, this sale .....40

### Sewing Machines.

You have all heard of the light running Domestic. We have the new improved, finished in golden oak with drop head, the highest grade on the market. Former price \$50 now...\$36

The same machine 6 drawers and all

attachments, formerly sold \$45....\$32

A special price on barbed wire and nails during this sale.

### Feed Cutters and Harrows.

10 per cent discount on the celebrated Wausau feed cutter during this sale.

Spring tooth harrows, 16 tooth harrows. Unlined harrows \$9 now \$7.50. Lined harrows, formerly \$10 now 8.50

### Wagons and Sleds

Our leader now is the Mackinnon wagons. We are closing out a cost the following lines.

New Stoughton, West Bend and Bible wagons, former prices 65 to 70, during this sale.....\$58. \$62

10 per cent discount on Mackinnon wagons during this sale.

FREE! to increase interest during the sale we have decided to give tickets absolutely free to purchasers to the amount of 10 dollars their choice of a round trip ticket to the St. Louis fair or a registered Short-horned Durham yearling bull, worth 50 dollars.

## CENTRALIA HARDWARE CO.